

# **ADS3000 Series User Manual**

ADS3102/3104
 ADS3202/3204
 ADS3352/3354
 ADS3502/3504

For product support, visit:www.owon.com.hk/download

 $\%\colon$  The illustrations, interface, icons and characters in the user manual may be slightly

different from the actual product. Please refer to the actual product.

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## **General Warranty**

We warrant that the product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 3 years from the date of purchase of the product by the original purchaser from our company. The warranty period for accessories such as probes is 12 months. This warranty only applies to the original purchaser and is not transferable to a third party.

If the product proves defective during the warranty period, we will either repair the defective product without charge for parts and labour, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product. Parts, modules and replacement products used by our company for warranty work may be new or reconditioned like new. All replaced parts, modules and products become the property of our company.

To obtain service under this warranty, the customer must notify our company of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period. Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to our designated service centre, a copy of the customer's proof of purchase is also required.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. We shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than our company representatives to install, repair or service the product; b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment; c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of not our supplies; or d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

Please contact the nearest sales and service offices for services.

Excepting the after-sales services provided in this summary or the applicable warranty statements, we will not offer any guarantee for maintenance definitely declared or hinted, including but not limited to the implied guarantee for marketability and special-purpose acceptability. We should not take any responsibilities for any indirect, special or consequent damages.

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## **1.General Safety Requirements**

Before use, please read the following safety precautions to avoid any possible bodily injury and to prevent this product or any other connected products from damage. In order to avoid any contingent danger, ensure this product is only used within the range specified.

Only the qualified technicians can implement the maintenance.

To avoid Fire or Personal Injury:

- Connect the probe correctly. The grounding end of the probe corresponds to the grounding phase. Please don't connect the grounding end to the positive phase.
- Use Proper Power Cord. Use only the power cord supplied with the product and certified to use in your country.
- Connect or Disconnect Correctly. When the probe or test lead is connected to a voltage source, please do not connect and disconnect the probe or test lead at random.
- Product Grounded. This instrument is grounded through the power cord grounding conductor. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be grounded. The product must be grounded properly before any connection with its input or output terminal.

When powered by AC power, it is not allowed to measure AC power source directly, because the testing ground and power cord ground conductor are connected together, otherwise, it will cause short circuit.

When powered by battery, the product must ground connection. To avoid electric shock, there must be a ground wire connect between ground and the ground port (on the back of product panel).

Check all Terminal Ratings. To avoid fire or shock hazard, check all ratings and markers of this product. Refer to the user's manual for more information about ratings before connecting to the instrument.

- Do not operate without covers. Do not operate the instrument with covers or panels removed.
- Use Proper Fuse. Use only the specified type and rating fuse for this instrument.
- Avoid exposed circuit. Do not touch exposed junctions and components when the instrument is powered.
- Do not operate if in any doubt. If you suspect damage occurs to the instrument, have it inspected by qualified service personnel before further operations.
- Use your Oscilloscope in a well-ventilated area. Make sure the instrument installed with proper ventilation, refer to the user manual for more details.
- Do not operate in wet conditions.
- Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.
- Keep product surfaces clean and dry.

# **2.**Safety Terms And Symbols

## Safety Terms

Terms in this manual. The following terms may appear in this manual:



**Warning:** Warning indicates the conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



**Caution:** Caution indicates the conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Terms on the product. The following terms may appear on this product:

**Danger:** It indicates an injury or hazard may immediately happen.

Warning: It indicates an injury or hazard may be accessible potentially.

**Caution:** It indicates a potential damage to the instrument or other property might occur.

## Safety Symbols

Symbols on the product. The following symbol may appear on the product:

	Hazardous Voltage		Protective Earth Terminal
H	Chassis Ground	늰	Test Ground
	Direct current (DC)	₽	Fuse
$\sim$	Alternating current (AC)	⚠	Caution, risk of danger (refer to this manual for specific Warning or Caution information)
$\sim$	Both direct and alternating current	CAT II	Category II overvoltage protection
CE	Conforms to European Union directives	CAT III	Category III overvoltage protection
	Equipment protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation	CAT IV	Category IV overvoltage protection

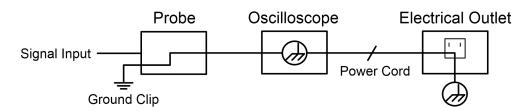
To avoid body damage and prevent product and connected equipment damage, carefully read the following safety information before using the test tool. This product can only be used in the specified applications.

## Δ Warning:

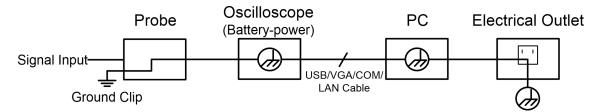
The four channels of the oscilloscope are not electrically isolated. The channels should adopt a common ground during measuring. To prevent short circuits, the 4 probe grounds must not be connected to 4 different non-isolated DC levels.

## Marning:

Note when measuring the channel to the public base, otherwise may cause short circuit because of the oscilloscope probe ground wire. The diagram of the oscilloscope ground wire connection:



The diagram of the ground wire connection when the battery-powered oscilloscope is connected to the AC-powered PC through the ports:



It is not allowed to measure AC power when the oscilloscope is AC powered, or when the battery-powered oscilloscope is connected to the AC-powered PC through the ports.

## Marning:

To avoid fire or electrical shock, when the oscilloscope input signal connected is more than 42V peak (30Vrms) or on circuits of more than 4800VA, please take note of below items:

- Only use accessory insulated voltage probes and test lead.
- Check the accessories such as probe before use and replace it if there are any damages.
- Remove probes, test leads and other accessories immediately after use.
- Remove USB cable which connects oscilloscope and computer.
- Do not apply input voltages above the rating of the instrument because the probe tip voltage will directly transmit to the oscilloscope. Use with caution when the probe is set as 1:1.
- Do not use exposed metal BNC or banana plug connectors.
- Do not insert metal objects into connectors.

## How To Conduct A General Inspection

After you get a new device, it is recommended that you should make a check on the instrument according to the following steps:

#### 1. Check whether there is any damage caused by transportation.

If it is found that the packaging carton or the foamed plastic protection cushion has suffered serious damage, do not throw it away first till the complete device and its accessories succeed in the electrical and mechanical property tests.

#### 2. Check the Accessories.

The supplied accessories have been already described in the "Appendix A: Enclosure" of this Manual. You can check whether there is any loss of accessories with reference to this description. If it is found that there is any accessory lost or damaged, please get in touch with our distributor responsible for this service or our local offices.

#### 3. Check the Complete Instrument.

If it is found that there is damage to the appearance of the instrument, or the instrument can not work normally, or fails in the performance test, please get in touch with our distributor responsible for this business or our local offices. If there is damage to the instrument caused by the transportation, please keep the package. With the transportation department or our distributor responsible for this business informed about it, a repairing or replacement of the instrument will be arranged by us.

## **How To Conduct Function Inspection**

Conduct a quick function inspection to confirm if the instrument is running in normal state.

#### **Power-on Inspection**

# To power on the instrument, long press (b) in the lower left of the host.

The instrument screen shows the startup screen, will display Android screen and wait a few seconds, the relay in the host will make a slight click sound. After performing all self-inspection items on the instrument, the instrument will directly enter instrument system.

# **3.Primary User Guide**

This chapter elaborates the following topics:

- A general knowledge of the structure of the instrument
- A general knowledge of the user interface of the instrument
- How to conduct probe compensation
- How to set the probe attenuation coefficient
- How to use the probe safely
- How to conduct self-calibration

# A General Knowledge Of The Structure Of The Instrument

This chapter gives a brief description and introduction to the operations and functions of the front panel of the instrument, so as to facilitate your operations of the instrument in the shortest time. The following are illustrated with four channels as an example, and for two channels, please refer to four channels.

## **Front Panel**

On the instrument panel, knobs and function buttons are used to enter different function menus or directly obtain specific function application.

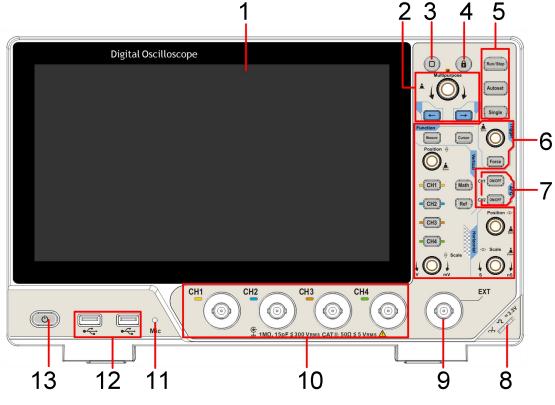


Figure 3-1: Front panel

- 1. Display area.
- 2. General knob and arrow keys.

**General knob:** When **M** appears in the screen menu, it can be turned to

set the value.

Arrow keys: Move to select the parameter.

- 3. Home key: Return to the main homepage.
- 4. Touch key: Press it to disable the touch screen, the key light turns on; and press it again to enable the touch screen, the key light turns off (Note: The Touch Lock is only available in Edulnstr system and does not work on the main homepage and other application interface.).
- 5. Shortcut key: Run/Stop, AutoSet, Signal.
- 6. Function, Trigger, Vertical, Horizontal control area.

#### • Function control area:

Contain two keys.

"Measure" key corresponds to enable/disable the measurement function; "Cursor" key corresponds to enable/disable the cursor function.

#### • Trigger control area:

Contain one key and one knob.

"Trigger Level" knob is to adjust trigger level;

Force key is the forced trigger shortcut key.

#### • Vertical control area:

Contain six keys and two knobs.

"CH1", "CH2", "CH3", "CH4" key are correspond to the channel switch of Channel 1, Channel 2, Channel 3 and Channel 4 respectively;

"Math" key corresponds to enable/disable the waveform math function;

"Ref " key corresponds to enable/disable the reference waveform function; "Vertical Position" knob is to control the vertical position of selected channel;

"Vertical Scale" knob is to control the voltage scale for selected channel.

#### • Horizontal control area:

Contain two knobs.

"Horizontal Position" knob is to control the horizontal position triggered. When pressing the knob, the horizontal position can be zero. "Horizontal Scale" knob is to control time base scale. When pressing the knob can enable/disable zoom mode.

- 7. AFG control area(Optional).
- 8. Probe compensation: 3.3V/1kHz signal output.
- 9. External trigger interface.
- 10.Signal input port control area.
- 11. Microphone port.
- 12.USB Host Interface: When the oscilloscope is connected to an external USB device as a "master device", the USB Host interface is used to transmit the data.
- 13.Instrument switch with memory (self-lock) switch and auto memory of last shutdown; if the instrument is shut down by powering the supply off, there is no need to press the switch to start it up after next power-on; if the instrument is shut down by pressing the switch key, it is required to press the switch key again to power it on.

#### **Rear Panel**

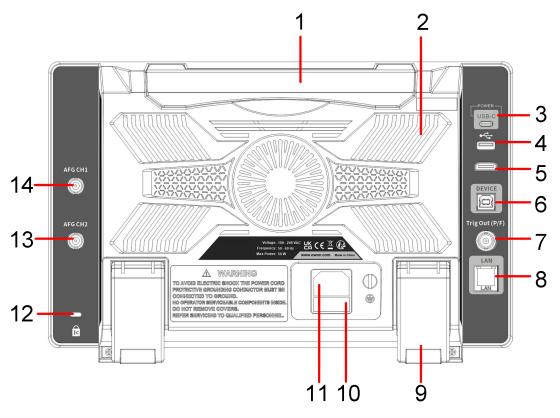


Figure 3-2: Rear Panel

- 1. Foldable Handle.
- 2. Heat Emission Hole.
- 3. USB-C interface.
- 4. USB Host Interface: When the oscilloscope is connected to an external USB device as a "master device", the USB Host interface is used to transmit the data.
- 5. HDMI Interface: To connect HDMI output to the external monitor or projector.
- 6. USB Device Interface: When the oscilloscope is connected to an external USB device as a "slave device", the USB Device interface is used to transmit the data. For example, use the interface to connect a PC or printer.
- 7. Trig Out (P/F) Interface: Trigger output or pass/fail output port.

- 8. LAN Interface: The network interface to connect a PC or router.
- 9. Foot Rest: To adjust the inclined angle of the oscilloscope.

10.Fuse.

- 11. Power outlet.
- 12.Safety lock.
- 13.AFG CH2 interface.
- 14.AFG CH1 interface.

# A General Knowledge Of The User Interface Of The Instrument

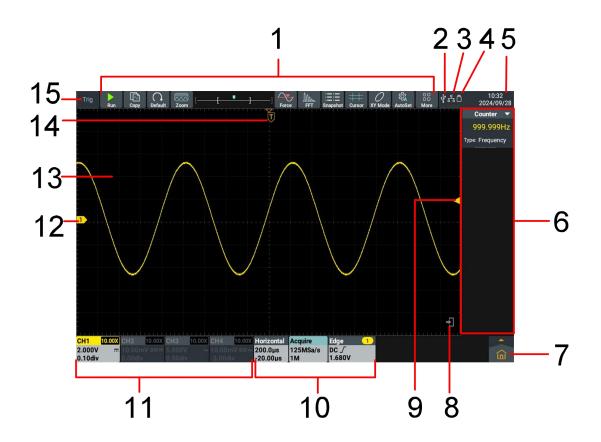


Figure 3-3: Illustrative Drawing of Display Interfaces

- 1. Shortcut soft keys of oscilloscope functions.
- 2. USB Device access identifier.
- 3. LAN port access identifier (If icon for the and connected currently). Click the icon will switch to the

Wireless&networks setting interface.

- 4. U disk access identifier.
- 5. System set time, click the icon will switch to the Date&time setting interface.
- 6. Counter, DVM and others function information display bar (Note: click
   on the left corner corresponds to enable/disable statistic). Right swipe the information display bar to close the corresponding function.
- 7. Main menu key, click to show/hide the main menu.
- 8. Hide/show the information display bar on the right.
- 9. Trigger level position, press and hold can be center.
- 10. Function information display bar: display Horizontal, Acquire, Trigger information respectively. Click the bar can show/hide the corresponding setting window.
- 11. Channel information display bar. Display the configure information of Channel 1, Channel 2, Channel 3 and Channel 4 respectively (Note: The down-stroke the bar can turn on or off the waveform display).

Among:

BW indicates that the bandwidth limit is 20MHz.

" ... " indicates DC coupling;

" ~ " indicates AC coupling;

- " **-**" indicates Ground coupling.
- 12. Channel waveform.
- 13. Waveform display area.
- 14. Time base position, press and hold can be center.
- 15. Display the current running status.

#### **Oscilloscope Inspection**

1. Set the Switch in the Oscilloscope Probe as 10X and Connect the Oscilloscope with CH1 Channel.

Align the slot in the probe with the plug in the CH1 connector BNC, and then tighten the probe with rotating it to the right side.

Connect the probe tip and the ground clamp to the connector of the probe compensator.

#### 2. Perform AutoSet.

The square wave of 1 kHz frequency and 3.3V peak-peak value will be displayed in several seconds (see Figure 3-4). Check CH2, CH3 and CH4 by repeating Step 2 and Step 3.

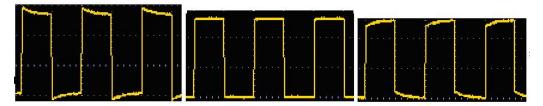


## **How To Implement The Probe Compensation**

When connect the probe with any input channel for the first time, make this adjustment to match the probe with the input channel. The probe which is not compensated or presents a compensation deviation will result in the measuring error or mistake. For adjusting the probe compensation, please carry out the following steps:

 Set the attenuation coefficient of the probe in the menu as 10X and that of the switch in the probe as 10X (see "How to Implement the Probe Compensation" on P14), and connect the probe with the CH1 channel. If a probe hook tip is used, ensure that it keeps in close touch with the probe. Connect the probe tip with the signal connector of the probe compensator and connect the reference wire clamp with the ground wire connector of the probe connector, and then push the **Autoset** button on the front panel.

 Check the displayed waveforms, see Figure 3-5. Regulate the probe till a correct compensation is achieved, see Figure 3-6.



**Overcompensated Compensated correctly Under compensated** Figure 3-5: Displayed Waveforms of the Probe Compensation

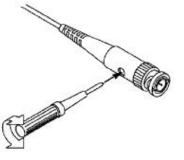


Figure 3-6: Adjust Probe

3、 Repeat the steps mentioned if needed.

## How To Set The Probe Attenuation Coefficient

The probe has several attenuation coefficients, which will influence the vertical scale factor of the oscilloscope.

To change or check the probe attenuation coefficient in the menu of oscilloscope:

- (1) Click the channel information display bar on the bottom left of the screen (CH1 Channel, CH2 Channel, CH3 Channel or CH4 Channel).
- (2) Select **Probe Attenu** (**1X,10X or** other custom probe magnifications) in the displayed channel setting window. The setting will remain in effect until changed again after selection.



#### Caution:

The default attenuation coefficient of the probe on the instrument is preset to 10X.

Make sure that the set value of the attenuation switch in the probe is the same as the menu selection of the probe attenuation coefficient in the oscilloscope.

The set values of the probe switch are 1X and 10X, see Figure 3-7.

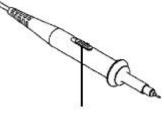


Figure 3-7: Attenuation Switch



#### Caution:

When the attenuation switch is set to 1X, the probe will limit the bandwidth of the oscilloscope in 5MHz. To use the full bandwidth of the oscilloscope, the switch must be set to 10X.

## How To Use The Probe Safely

The safety guard ring around the probe body protects your finger against any electric shock, see Figure 3-8.

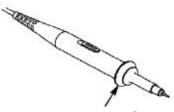


Figure 3-8: Finger Guard



#### Warning:

To avoid electric shock, always keep your finger behind the safety guard ring of the probe during the operation.

To protect you from suffering from the electric shock, do not touch any metal part of the probe tip when it is connected to the power supply.

Before making any measurements, always connect the probe to

the instrument and connect the ground terminal to the earth.

## How To Conduct Self-Calibration

Self-calibration program is used to quickly make the oscilloscope be in the optimum condition to obtain the most accurate measurement. This program can be performed at any time. It is especially necessary when the ambient temperature reaches or exceeds  $5^{\circ}$ C.

To conduct self-calibration, disconnect all probes and wires from the input connector. Then, click " in the lower right of the screen, select **Self-Calibration** from the menu displayed and click **Start** in the self-calibration display box.

# **4.Use the Android System**

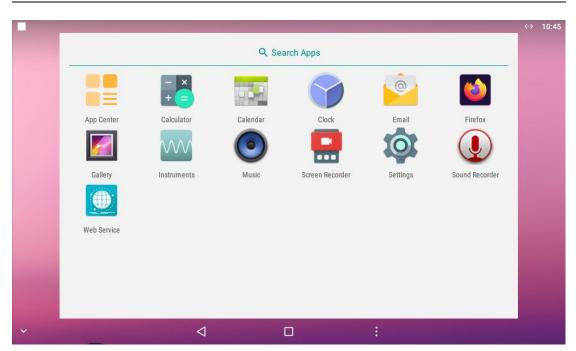
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## Android System Homepage Window

- 1. Application shortcut key. If you click the instrument shortcut key w, you can enter the oscilloscope interface.
- 2. App Drawer (Click to see all apps).
- 3. Task key.
- 4. Home key.
- 5. Back key.

## System Built-in Application List

Open the application drawer of the main page. The system built-in application including: APP Center, Calculator, Calendar, Clock, Email, Firefox, Gallery, Instruments, Music, Screen Recorder, Settings, Sound Recorder, Web Service, as show in the following figure.



4.Use the Android System

## A General Knowledge Of Oscilloscope

## A General Knowledge Of Trigger System

As shown in Figure 5-1, there are one knob and one key. The following exercises are to guide you through the use of the trigger system.



Figure 5-1: Trigger control area

 Use Trigger Level knob to change the settings of the trigger level. Rotary the Trigger Level knob, the trigger pointer on the screen moves up and down as the knob turns. While moving the trigger pointer, the value of the trigger level on the screen changes accordingly.

**Note:** Turning the **Trigger Level** knob can not only change the trigger level value, but also set the shortcut key of the trigger level at the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.

2. Press **Force** key to generate a trigger signal forcibly, mainly used in the "Normal" and "Single" trigger mode.

## A General Knowledge Of Vertical System

As shown in Figure 5-2, there are six keys and two knobs. The following exercises are to guide you through the use of the vertical system.

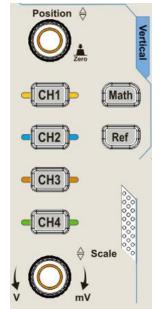


Figure 5-2: Vertical control area

 Vertical Position knob to control the vertical display position of the signal. When turning the Vertical Position knob, the pointer indicating the Grounding Reference Point of the channel moves up and down following the waveform. When pressing the Vertical Vertical key, the vertical position can be zero.

#### **Measuring Skills**

If the DC coupling mode is adopted for the channel, observe the gap between the waveform and the signal ground to quickly measure the DC component of the signal.

If the AC coupling mode is adopted for the channel, the DC component of the signal is filtered out, facilitating you to display the AC component of the signal with higher sensitivity.

If the Ground coupling mode is adopted for the channel, indicates that the internal input is grounded and the external input is disconnected. It can effectively reduce the influence of external interference on the measurement results and ensure the accuracy of the measurement.

 Change the vertical settings and observe the resulting status change. You can determine the change of the vertical scale factor of any channel through the information displayed in the information display bar at the lower part of the waveform window.

- Turn the Vertical Scale knob to change the Vertical Scale Factor (Voltage Scale), and the scale factor of corresponding channel in the information display bar changes accordingly.
- 3. Press CH1、CH2、CH3、CH4 key to enable or disable the corresponding channel.
  - If the current channel is disable, press it to enable and select the channel;
  - If the current channel is enable but no selected, press it to select the channel;
  - •If the current channel is enable and selected, press it to disable the channel.
- 4. Press **Math** key to enable/disable waveform math function; press **Ref** key to enable/disable reference waveform function.

## A General Knowledge Of Horizontal System

As shown in Figure 5-3, there are two knobs. The following exercises to guide you through the use of the horizontal system.

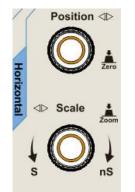


Figure 5-3:Horizontal control area

1. Rotary **Horizontal Position** knob to adjust the horizontal position of the signal in the waveform window.

The **Horizontal Position** knob is to control the triggered horizontal position of the signal; when turning the knob, the waveform moves horizontally with the knob. When pressing the **Horizontal Position** key, the horizontal displacement can be zero.

2. Rotary the **Horizontal Scale** knob to change the settings of the horizontal time base and thus observe the resulting change of the status information,

then the corresponding **Horizontal Time Base** in the status bar changes accordingly. Press the **Horizontal Scale** knob enter or exit waveform zoom mode.

## How To Use Touch Screen Control

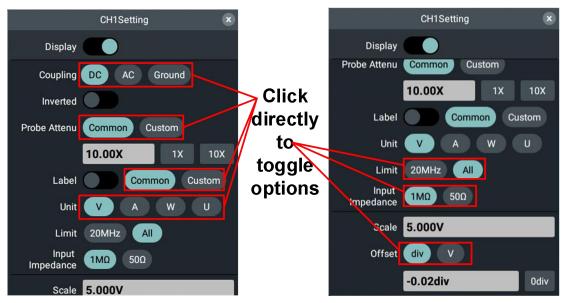
The touch screen can be used to control the oscilloscope by various gestures.

Operate the touch screen when the light of the touch lock in the upper right of the front panel is off; click the key to light up the indicator; the touch function is disabled when the touch lock is in locked state.

The instructions of the touch screen operations are as follows, the contents in the parentheses indicate the key or knob that plays the same role.

#### Use The Touch Screen To Operate The Menu

- **Open the Settings window function:** Directly click the below or right information display bar to pop up the corresponding function of the setting window.
- Set Menu Item: In the Settings window, you can change the configuration of the relevant menu item by touching it. The types of operable parts include: switch, button, radio, gear hobbing (scrolling list), etc. The following box selects the radio type, click directly to switch the options.

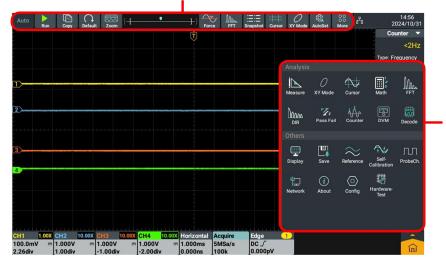


• Scroll List: When the scroll bar appears in the menu, swipe the screen up

and down with the finger to scroll the list, as shown in the figure below.



• **Open Main Menu:** Click the **finite** icon in the lower right of the display area, the main menu window pops up, as shown below. Click each item in the main menu window to open the settings window of the corresponding function, and click the shortcut key at the top of the screen to open the corresponding function.

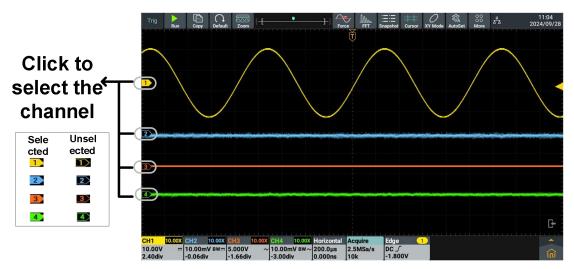


# Click the shortcut key to open the corresponding function directly

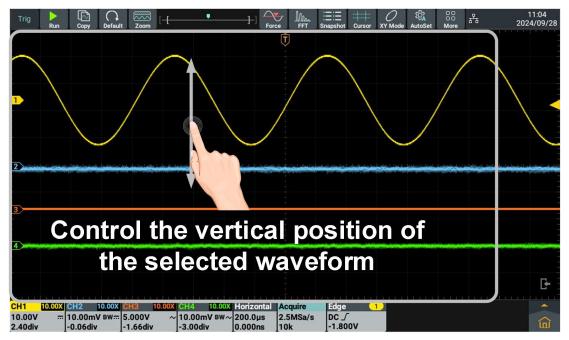
Click on the items in the main menu window to open the corresponding settings window.

#### **Operate The Touch Screen**

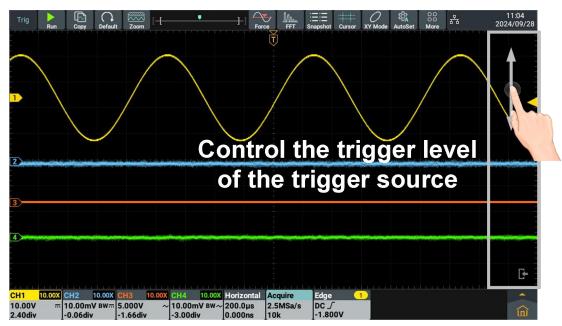
Select a Channel (CH1 channel,CH2 channel,CH3 channel or CH4 channel): Click the channel pointer on the left or click the channel waveform to make the channel pointer selected. Long press the channel pointer, the vertical position of waveform can be center (Note: Dual channel only have CH1 channel and CH2 channel).



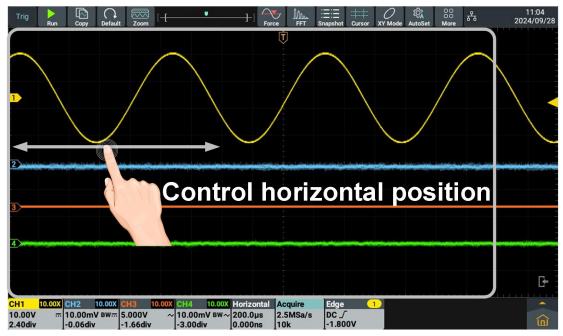
 Set the vertical position of the selected channel waveform (Vertical Position knob): The vertical position of the waveform can be changed by swiping your finger up and down in the blank position of the waveform display area, as shown in the figure below.



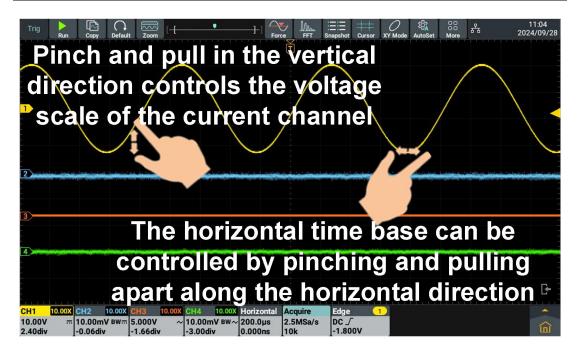
 Set the trigger level of the signal source in the Trigger Menu (Trigger Level knob): The two grids on the right of the waveform area are the trigger level touch moving area, and the trigger level can be changed by sliding up and down in this area, as shown in the figure below.



• Set Horizontal Position (Horizontal Position knob): The horizontal position of the waveform can be changed by swiping your finger around the waveform display area, as shown in the figure below.



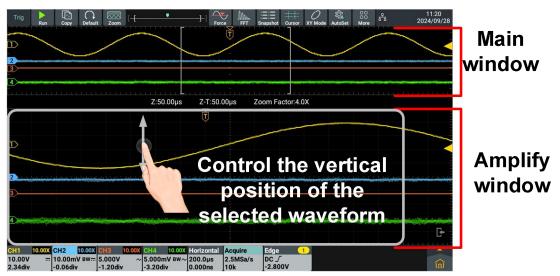
- The control voltage gear and time base can be scaled in the following way:
- In the waveform display area, up and down/left and right zoom thumb and index finger to zoom control voltage scale and time base, as shown in the figure below.



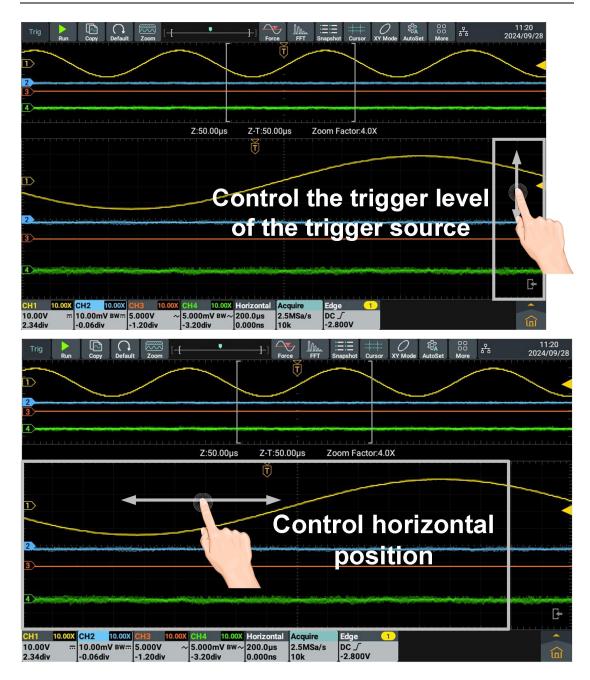
In the waveform display area, double-click the screen and slide the hand up and down/left and right to zoom the control voltage scale and time base.

## **Operate The Touch Screen In Waveform Amplification Mode**

Press **Horizontal Scale** knob to enter the waveform zoom mode, the main window is displayed at the top half of the screen and the amplified window is displayed at the bottom half of the screen. The amplified window is the amplified part of the main window that is selected.

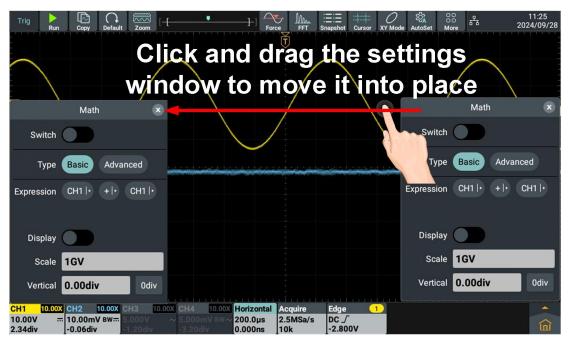


5.Use the Oscilloscope

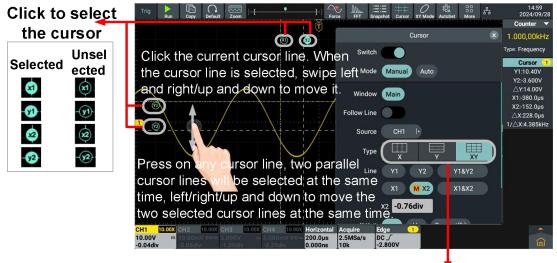


### **Other Touch Screen Operations**

• Click and drag the open menu item to move itself to the appropriate location.



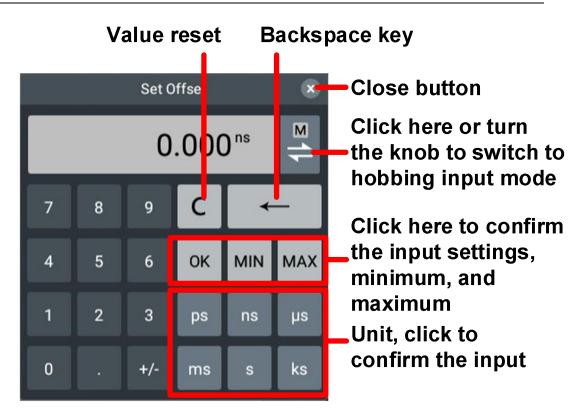
 Control the horizontal or vertical cursor lines under cursor measurement, as shown in the figure below.



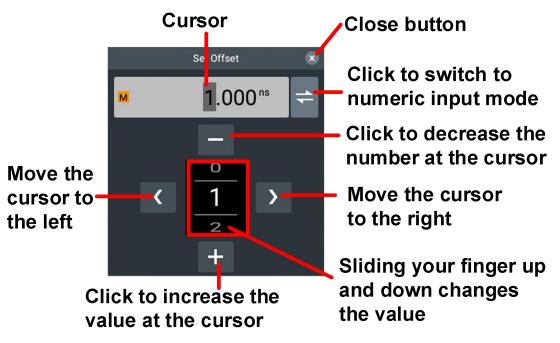
Toggle horizontal/vertical/ horizontal & vertical cursor lines.

- Run/Stop: Click or II in the upper left of the display area to switch Run/Stop.
- **Parameter Setting Keyboard in Menu Item:** There are digital input mode and hobbing input mode.

Digital input mode, as shown in the figure below.

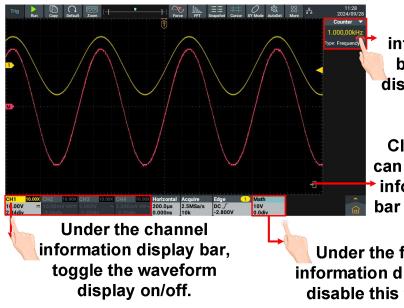


Hobbing input mode, as shown in the figure below.



• Swipe the information display bar

5.Use the Oscilloscope



Swipe the information display bar to the right to disable this function.

**Clicking this icon** can hide or show the information display bar on the right side.

Under the function information display bar, disable this function.

## Advanced User Guide for Oscilloscope

In the previous chapter, basic operations of the oscilloscope, function area of the front panel and the roles of the keys and knobs are introduced for the user to determine the change of instrument settings by observing the status bar. For any details of the operations and methods mentioned above, refer to Chapter 3 "Primary User Guide".

- How To Set Vertical System
- How To Set Horizontal System
- How To Set Acquire
- How To Set Trigger
- How To Set Automatic Measurement
- How To Set Cursor Measurement
- How To Realize Waveform Operation Function
- How To Set XY Mode
- How To Set FFT
- How To Set DIR(Digital Filtering)
- How To Set Pass Fail
- How To Set Counter
- How To Set DVM
- How To Set Decode
- How To Set Display System
- How To Set Save And Print
- How To Set Reference Waveform
- How To Conduct Self-Calibration
- How To Conduct Probe Check
- How To Use Execution Keys

Please carefully read this chapter to understand various measuring functions and other operation methods of the oscilloscope.

### How To Set Vertical System

In the vertical system control area, there are six keys (CH1, CH2, CH3,

CH4, Math and Ref) and two knobs (Vertical Position knob and two Vertical Scale knob).

### Channel Settings

Each channel is equipped with the independent vertical menu, and each item is set separately based on different channel.

### How to enable or disable the waveform (channel)

- (1) Press CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 front key produces the following results:
  - If the channel disable, press it enable the channel.
  - If the channel enable but no selected, press it select the channel.
  - If the channel enable and selected, press it disable the channel.
- (2) Swipe down CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 information display bar produces the following results:
  - If the channel disable, swipe down it enable the channel.
  - If the channel enable, swipe down it disable the channel.
- (3) Click CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 information display bar produces the following results:
  - If the channel disable, click it enable and selected the channel.
  - If the channel enable but no selected, click it selected the channel.
  - If the channel enable and selected, click it disable the channel.

#### How to open the channel settings

Click the information display bar on the left corner of the screen, it will pop up the setting window.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Display		Click to open/close the channel
		waveform.
	DC	Pass the AC and DC component of the
		input signal.
Coupling	AC	Block the DC component of the input
		signal.
	Ground	Disconnect the input signal.

Channel setting window is described in the table below:

Inverted		Click to open or close the waveform inversion function.
Probe Attenu	Common	Click the Numeric Display Box and turn General knob or swipe the screen up and down in the numeric select box with the finger to select commonly used magnification; it is also available to set 1X and 10X probe magnification with 1X and 10X keys.
	Custom	Click the Numeric Display Box to set the probe magnification within the range between 1×10 <sup>-6</sup> and 1×10 <sup>6</sup> .
		Click the switch to the right of the <b>Label</b> item to choose to display or not display the channel label.
Label	Common	Set a common display label for a channel. Click the label box, adjust the universal knob or swipe up and down in the label selection box with your finger to select some commonly used labels.
	Custom	Click on the channel label input box and enter the string directly through the letter keyboard that pops up.
Unit	V A W U	Set the display unit of current channel as required.
Limit	20MHz ALL	Limit to 20MHz to reduce the display noise. The bandwidth of the oscilloscope.
Input Impedan ce	1ΜΩ 50Ω	Select 1M $\Omega$ or 50 $\Omega$ as the input impedance.
Scale	500.0uV100.0mV1.000mV200.0mV2.000mV500.0mV5.000mV1.000V10.00mV2.000V20.00mV5.000V50.00mV10.00V	Select the optimum gear as required. Note: Current unit selection is V and the voltage gear of the probe multiplier is 1X.

Offset	div、Current Unit Vertical position settings	According to requirement to set offset unit. Set the vertical display position of the waveform; due to limited screen display, the visible range is ±5div.
--------	---	--

**Channel 1** is taken as an example to set the channel, and the operation steps are as follows:

#### 1. Set the channel coupling

The measured signal is a square-wave signal with DC bias.

- Click the CH1 information display bar to bring up the CH1 Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Select coupling mode in the **Coupling** option.
- Select **DC** to set to DC Coupling mode. Both DC and AC components contained in the measured signal can be passed through.
- Select AC to set to AC Coupling mode. DC components contained in the measured signal will be blocked.
- Select Ground to set to Ground Coupling mode. Disconnect the input signal.

#### 2. Set waveform inversion

Waveform inversion: Flip the displayed signal 180 degrees relative to the ground potential.

- Click the CH1 information display bar to bring up the CH1 Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Click **Inverted** switch to highlight it, the waveform inversion will be enabled. Click **Inverted** switch gain to gray it, the waveform inversion will be disabled.

### 3. Adjust Probe Ratio

It is required to adjust the coefficient of the probe attenuation ratio in the

channel operation menu (see "How to Set the Probe Attenuation Coefficient" in Page 15). If the probe attenuation coefficient is 1:1, the input channel ratio of the channel shall also be set to 1X, so as to avoid errors in the displayed gear factors and measured data.

- Click the CH1 information display bar to bring up the CH1 Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Select **10X** in the **Probe Attenu** option.

#### 4. Set channel label

- (1) Click the **CH1** information display bar to bring up the **CH1** Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Click **Label** switch to highlight it. According to the requirement by selecting **Common** or **Custom** mode to set the channel label.

#### 5. Set amplitude unit

- (1) Click the **CH1** information display bar to bring up the **CH1** Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Click Unit menu, the optional units are V, A, W and U. Default unit is V.

#### 6. Set bandwidth limit

- Click the CH1 information display bar to bring up the CH1 Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Select the oscilloscope bandwidth in the Limit option.
- Click 20MHz. The bandwidth is limited to 20MHz and the high-frequency components larger than 20MHz contained in the measured signal will be blocked.

• Click All. The high-frequency components contained in the measured signal can be passed through.

#### 7. Set input impedance

- (1) Click the **CH1** information display bar to bring up the **CH1** Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Select the oscilloscope input impedance in **Input Impedance** option.
- Click 1M Ω. The oscilloscope input 1M Ω resistor, the device will have a small load effect.
- Click 50  $\Omega$ . The oscilloscope input 50  $\Omega$  resistor, eliminate the influence of the transmission line on the signal.

#### 8. Set voltage scale

- Click the CH1 information display bar to bring up the CH1 Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Click the numeric box in the Scale option to display the scale select box. It is available to swipe the screen up and down with the finger to select the required scale value.

#### 9. Set vertical position

- (1) Click the **CH1** information display bar to bring up the **CH1** Settings window.
- (2) Click **Display** switch in the menu to highlight it.
- (3) Click the numeric value in the **Offset** option to display the setup box of vertical position; it is available to directly input the value or turn the general knob to set the required vertical position.

### Application of Math key and Ref key

See "How to Realize Waveform Operation Function" on page 82 for the Math key.

See "How To Set Reference Waveform" on page 123 for the Ref key.

### Application of Vertical Position knob and Vertical Scale knob

1. **Vertical Position** knob to adjust the vertical position of corresponding channel waveform.

The resolution of this control key changes with the vertical scale.

2. **Vertical Scale** knob to adjust the vertical resolution of corresponding channel waveform.

Determine the sensitivity of the vertical scale by stepping in a 1-2-5 system mode.

The vertical position and vertical channel information are shown in the lower left of the screen, as shown in Figure 5-4.



Figure 5-4:Vertical information

## How To Set Horizontal System

There are Horizontal Position knob and Horizontal Scale knob in the

Horizontal System Control Area.

1. **Horizontal Position** knob: Adjust the horizontal position of all channels (including the mathematical operation), whose resolution changes with the time base.

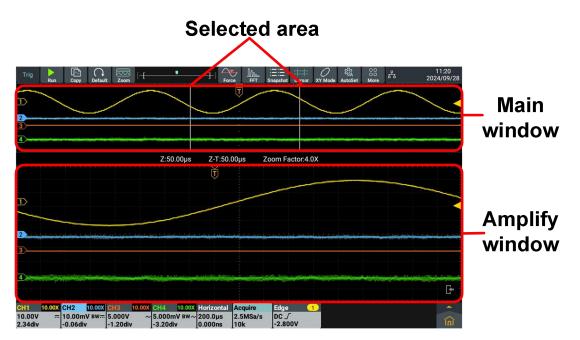
2. **Horizontal Scale** knob: Set the horizontal scale factor for the main window or amplified window.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Zoom Mode		Click to open/close zoom mode.
Navigate		Through the navigation function, observe the situation of moving waveform. Note:The navigation function is used only when the running status is STOP(Acquire stop).
Expand	Center Trigger	Horizontal expansion refers to the reference position on which the screen waveform is horizontally expanded or compressed when the horizontal time base is adjusted. This instrument supports horizontal extension data including centers and trigger points default to "centers". Center: When changing the horizontal time base, the waveform expands or compresses horizontally around the center of the screen. Trigger: When the horizontal time base is changed, the waveform expands or compresses horizontally around the trigger point.
Time Base		Set the horizontal time base scale of window.
Offset		Set the horizontal position of windows.

The descriptions of **horizontal system** menu are shown in the table below:

#### Waveform Amplification

Click the panel horizontal control area **Horizontal Scale** knob or click the **Horizontal Information Display Bar** at the lower part of the screen, display Horizontal Setting Window, click **Zoom Mode** switch to highlight it and enter the waveform amplification mode; the main window is displayed at the top half of the screen and the amplified window is displayed at the bottom half of the screen. The amplified window is the amplified part of the main window that is selected.



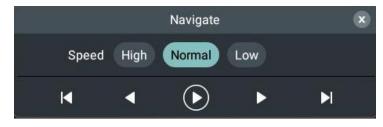
In normal mode, the **Horizontal Position** knob and the **Horizontal Scale** knob are used to adjust the horizontal position and the horizontal time base of the main window.

In waveform amplification mode, the Horizontal Position knob and the

Horizontal Scale knob are used to adjust the horizontal position and the

horizontal time base of the amplified window.

#### Navigate function



- (1) Click the bottom of screen **Horizontal Information Display Bar**, display horizontal setting window.
- (2) Click Navigate to enter navigate setting window.
- (3) Click High, Normal, Low can select waveform play speed.
- (4) Click  $\bigcirc$  or  $\bigcirc$  can start/stop playing.
- (5) Click ▲, the waveform can play directly to the far left; click ▶ the waveform can play directly to the far right. Click ▲ (Play left) or ▶

(Play right) can change the play direction, and it stops playing when it

reaches the leftmost or rightmost end.

(6) Click  $\blacksquare$  can close the navigation setting window.

Note:

• For the operations related to the touch screen, refer to "How to use touch screen control" in page 23.

## How To Set Acquire

Click the bottom of screen **Acquire Information Display Bar**, the setting window as shown in the figure below.

	Acquire	×
Mode	Sample	Peak
ļ.	High Res	Average
Segmentation		
Depth	100k  •	
Roll Mode	Auto OFF	
Interpolation	Auto Sinx/>	< x

The descriptions of setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Setting	Descriptions
	Sample	General Acquisition mode.
	Peak	Used to detect interference burrs and possibility of reduce confusion.
Mode	High Res	Reduce and improve the signal-to-noise ratio on aperiodic (single-shot) waveforms.
	Average	Used to reduce random and irrelevant noise in signal. Click the number input box and scroll down the list to the right to select the average count.
Segment ation		Click to enable/disable the segment acquisition function. When the function is turned on, click Numeric Input Box to input the number of segment acquisition and click OK to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the General knob to set the

		number of comment convisition and click < > or
		number of segment acquisition, and click < > or
		press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select
	41.	the digit to be set.
Depth	1k 10k 100k 1M 10M 100M	Click , to select the length to be recorded on the right display box. Note: The length of the collected record is dynamic, changing with the acquire mode.
Roll Mode	Auto OFF	As the acquisition proceeds, new data will continue to scroll sideways on the screen. In rolling mode, the oscilloscope samples the waveform without interruption without dead time. The waveform is displayed slowly moving from the right side of the screen to the left, and the fixed reference point on the screen is on the right edge of the screen to indicate the current time. The existing waveform is scrolled to the left of the reference point, and the newly acquired waveform always appears on the right side of the screen.
	Auto	When Auto is selected, it is in Sinx mode when running and in x mode when it stops running.
	Sinx/x	Sine interpolation, using a curve connection
Interpolat		between the sampling points.
ion	Х	Linear interpolation, using straight line connections
		between sampling points. This interpolation method
		is more suitable for signals with straight edges,
		such as square wave, pulse wave, etc.

## How To Set Trigger

Trigger determines when the oscilloscope starts to collect the data and display the waveform. Once it is set properly, it can convert unstable display into the meaningful waveform.

When the oscilloscope starts to collect the data, enough data are used to draw the waveform at the left of the trigger point. The oscilloscope continuously collects data while waiting for the trigger conditions. When a trigger is detected, the oscilloscope will continuously collect enough data to draw the waveform at the right of the trigger point. There is one knob and one keys in the Trigger Control Area.

Trigger Level: Turn this knob to set the signal voltage of corresponding trigger point and press this knob to make the trigger level at the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
 Forced Trigger: Generate a trigger signal forcibly, mainly used in the "Normal" and "Single" trigger mode.

#### **Trigger Control**

Enter the trigger control:

**Trigger Information Display Bar Operation:** Click **Edge** information display bar at the lower part of the screen to pop up the trigger setting window on the screen, then directly click **Type** to select the trigger mode.

There are 14 trigger modes, including **Edge Trigger, Video Trigger**, **Pulse Trigger, Slope Trigger, Runt Trigger, Windows Trigger, Timeout Trigger, Nth Edge Trigger, Logic Trigger, RS232/UART Trigger, I2C Trigger, SPI Trigger, CAN Trigger and LIN Trigger.** 

These 14 trigger modes are illustrated as follows.

### **Edge Trigger**

Trigger on the trigger level of the input signal edge. When the "Edge Trigger" is selected, it is triggered on the rising edge and falling edge of the input signal.

Enter the edge trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed at the lower part of the screen, such as  $\begin{bmatrix} Edge \\ DC \ J \\ 0.000pv \end{bmatrix}$ , indicating that the edge trigger is selected with the trigger signal source of CH1, trigger coupling of DC, slope of rising edge, and trigger level of 0.000pV.

The descriptions of **edge trigger** setting window is shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Edge	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to edge trigger.
Source	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.

	I	
	CH2 CH3 CH4 EXT	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal. Set the external trigger input channel as the signal source trigger signal.
	EXT/5	Set the external trigger source divided by 5 to extend the external trigger level range.
	AC Lines	Set the mains supply as the trigger signal source.
Coupling	DC AC HF	Set to block the DC components from passing through. Set to allow all components to pass through. Block the high-frequency signal from passing through and only allow low-frequency signal to pass through.
	F	Set to trigger at the rising edge of the signal.
Slope	2	Set to trigger at the falling edge of the signal.
Level	50%	Indicate the vertical trigger position of the channel, turn trigger level knob or slide your finger up and down to change the trigger level on the right side of the waveform display area of the screen; upon setting, a gray solid line will appear indicating the trigger level position and the trigger level value in the trigger information display box at the bottom edge of the screen will change accordingly. After the setting is completed, the solid line will disappear. Click 50% and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto Normal Single	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected. Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied. Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
		detected and then stop acquisition.

### Video Trigger

Select the Video Trigger to trigger on standard video signal field or line of

525i/NTSC, 625i/PAL or SECAM. Enter the video trigger and the trigger

setting information is displayed in the lower part of the screen, such

- Video 625i/PAL
- The Line

, indicating that the video trigger is selected with the trigger information source of CH1 and synchronization type of line.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Video	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to video trigger.
Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.
Standard	525i/NTSC 625i/PAL SECAM	Set the system standard of the video.
Sync	Line Field Odd Even Line NO.	Set to trigger the synchronization on the video line. Set to trigger the synchronization on the video filed. Set to trigger the synchronization on the video odd field. Set to trigger the synchronization on the video even field. Set to trigger the synchronization on the specified video line; click Numeric Input Box to input the number of specified line to be set and click OK to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the General knob to set the number of specified line, and click <> or press ← or → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.

The descriptions of **video trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger
		condition is detected.
Mode	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger
Mode		conditions are satisfied.
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
		detected and then stop acquisition.

### **Pulse Trigger**

Pulse trigger is to determine the trigger moment based on the pulse width. You can discover abnormal pulse by setting the pulse width conditions. Enter the pulse trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed in the lower

part of the screen, such as **100ns**, indicating that the pulse trigger is selected with the trigger signal source of CH1, polarity of positive pulse width and trigger level value of 1.000V.

Pulse

The descriptions of **pulse width trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Pulse	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to pulse trigger.
Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.
Polarity	+_+	Select the polarity.
Time	> = < Time setting	Click ► to set the pulse condition, click time setting's <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the pulse width time to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the pulse width time, and click < > or press ← or → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.

HoldOff		100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.
	100ns	Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.
	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied.
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is detected and then stop acquisition.

### **Slope Trigger**

Slope Trigger is to set the oscilloscope to trigger with the positive or negative slope at a specified time. Enter the slope trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed in the lower part of the screen, such as

Slope > 100ns \_/ \triangle 0.000pV

, indicating that the slope trigger is selected with the trigger signal

source of CH1, trigger condition of rising slope and 0.000pV of the difference between the upper threshold and the lower threshold.

The descriptions of **Slope Trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

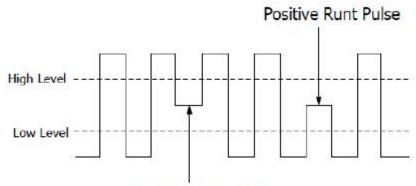
Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Slope	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to slope trigger.
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.
Source	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.
Source	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.
Slope	F	Select the slope conditions.

		Click II to get the glone conditions, alight times
Time	> = < Time setting	Click $\searrow$ to set the slope conditions, click time setting's <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the slope time to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn <b>General</b> knob to set the slope time, and click < > or press (- or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.
Upper Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the upper threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Lower Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Slew Rate		Slope = (Upper Threshold – Lower Threshold)/Slope Trigger Time
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto Normal Single	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected. Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied. Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
	9-0	detected and then stop acquisition.

## **Runt Trigger**

Used to trigger a pulse that steps over one trigger level but not another. Enter the runt trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed at the lower part

of the screen, such as of CH1, the polarity of positive runt and 0.000pV of the difference between upper level and lower level, as shown in the figure.



Negative Runt Pulse

The descriptions of **runt trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Settings	Descriptions
Runt	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to
T COTIC	under-amplitude trigger.
CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.
CH2	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.
CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.
CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.
June Deal	Positive polarity, trigger on the positive
3001 .00	under-amplitude pulse.
	Negative polarity, trigger on the negative
	under-amplitude pulse.
	Click 🗈 to set the pulse width conditions, click
Time setting	time setting's Numeric Input Box to input the
	pulse width to be set and click the unit to confirm;
	or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn <b>General</b>
	knob to set the pulse width, and click < > or press
	$\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the
	digit to be set.
>	Trigger when runt pulse is greater than the set
	pulse width.
=	Trigger when runt pulse equals to the set pulse
	width.
<	Trigger when runt pulse is lower than the set
	pulse width.
	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
	knob to set the upper threshold;
50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
	level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
	amplitude.
	Runt CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4

Lower Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.
	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied.
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is detected and then stop acquisition.

## Windows Trigger

Provide a high trigger level and low trigger level, the oscilloscope triggers when the input signal passes through the high trigger level or the low trigger level.In Windows Trigger mode, the trigger setting information is displayed on

bottom right of the screen, for example, do.000pv, indicates that trigger type is windows, trigger source is CH1, polarity is positive, 0.000pV the differential between up level and low level threshold.

The descriptions of **windows trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Turne	Windows	Set vertical channel trigger type as Windows
Туре		trigger.
Source	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.

	1	
Delevity	जीत	Positive over-amplitude pulse .
Polarity	ਸ਼ੀਸ	Negative over-amplitude pulse.
Conditions	որո որո որո որո դեր դեր	<ul> <li>Enter: Triggers when the trigger signal enters the specified trigger level range.</li> <li>Exit: Triggers when the trigger signal exits the specified trigger level range.</li> <li>Time: Specify the hold time of the input signal after entering the specified trigger level. The oscilloscope triggers when the accumulated hold time is greater than the windows time. Available range is 30ns-10s, default 100ns.</li> </ul>
Upper Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the upper threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Lower Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.
	Normal Single	Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied. Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
	Ciligio	detected and then stop acquisition.

## **Timeout Trigger**

Trigger when the interval from the time at which the rising (or falling) edge of the input signal passes through the touch level to the time when the adjacent falling (or rising) edge passes through the touch level is larger than the set

timeout period. Enter the timeout trigger and the trigger setting information is

displayed at the lower part of the screen, such as , indicating that the timeout trigger type is selected with 0.000pV of the trigger level value.

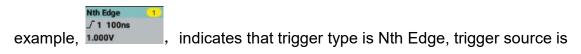
The descriptions of **timeout trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Timeout	Set the trigger type of the vertical channel as timeout trigger.
Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.
Slope	<b>S</b>	Set to start timing when the rising edge of the input signal passes through the trigger level. Set to start timing when the falling edge of the input signal passes through the trigger level.
Idle Time		Set the idle time. It refers to the minimum time that the clock signal must be in idle state before the oscilloscope begins to search for data that meets the trigger conditions. The idle time ranges from 30ns to 10s with default value of 100ns.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.

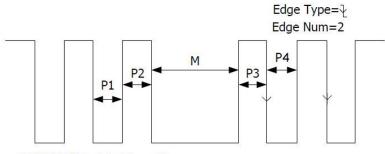
	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger
		condition is detected.
Mode	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger
Mode		conditions are satisfied.
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
		detected and then stop acquisition.

### Nth Edge Trigger

The oscilloscope triggers on the Nth edge that appears on the specified idle time. As figure shown below, the oscilloscope should trigger on the second falling edge after the specified idle time and the idle time should be set to P1/P2/P3/P4 < Idle Time < M. Wherein, M, P1, P2, P3 and P4 are positive or negative pulse width participating in the counting.In Nth Edge Trigger mode, the trigger setting information is displayed on bottom right of the screen, for



CH1, 0.000pV is up level or low level threshold.



P1/P2/P3/P4<Idle Time<M

The descriptions of **the Nth edge trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Nth Edge	Set vertical channel trigger type as Nth Edge
		trigger.
Source	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.

	1	
Slope	5	Trigger on the rising edge of the input signal when voltage level meets the specified trigger level. Trigger on the falling edge of the input signal when voltage level meets the specified trigger level.
Idle Time		Set the time before starting the edge counting in the Nth edge trigger. Click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the idle time to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the idle time for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The time that can be set ranges from 30ns to 10s with default value of 100ns.
Edge Num		Set the specific value of N in the Nth edge trigger. Click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the edge number to be set and click <b>OK</b> to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the edge number, and click < > or press ← or → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the required threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click $<>$ or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto Normal Single	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected. Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied. Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
		detected and then stop acquisition.

# Logic Trigger

Determine the trigger conditions with the logical relations.Enter the logic trigger

and the trigger setting information is displayed at the lower part of the screen,

such as Goes Ture, indicating that the logic trigger type is selected with the logic mode of AND, input mode of high level and output mode of Goes True.

Note: When a rising or falling edge is set for one channel, it can not do the same for another.

The descriptions of the **Logic trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Logic	Set vertical channel trigger type as Logic trigger.
	AND=D-	Set logic mode as AND.
Logic	OR⊐⊃-	Set logic mode as OR.
Mode	XOR⊅⊃	Set logic mode as XOR.
	XNOR⊅⊃∽	Set logic mode as XNOR.
	High	Set CH1 as High Level, Low level, high or low
CH1 Input	Low	level, Rise and Fall.
Mode	High/Low	
WOULE	Rise	
	Fall	
	High	Set CH2 as High Level, Low level, high or low
CH2 Input	Low	level, Rise and Fall.
Mode	High/Low	
woue	Rise	
	Fall	
	High	Set CH3 as High Level, Low level, high or low
CH3 Input	Low	level, Rise and Fall.
Mode	High/Low	
WOULE	Rise	
	Fall	
CH4 Input Mode	High	Set CH4 as High Level, Low level, high or low
	Low	level, Rise and Fall.
	High/Low	
	Rise	
	Fall	

Output Mode	GoesTrue GoesFalse True> True= True<	Click GoesTrue I to select the output mode. GoseTrue: Trigger when condition turns True from False. GoseFalse: Trigger when condition turns False from True. True >: Trigger when the time of true condition is more than the set time. True =: Trigger when the time of true condition is equal to the set time. True <: Trigger when the time of true condition is lower than the set time.		
CH1 Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the CH1 Threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger leve in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.		
CH2 Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the CH2 Threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.		
CH3 Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the CH3 Threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger leve in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.		
CH4 Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the CH4Threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.		
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.		
		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.		

	Auto	Cat to calle at way of arm as an when no trigger
	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger
		condition is detected.
Mode	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger
Mode		conditions are satisfied.
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
		detected and then stop acquisition.

### RS232/UART Trigger

RS232/UART bus is a serial data communication mode used for data transmission between computers or between the computer and the terminal. RS232 serial protocol transmit a character as a frame of data, the frame structure is composed of 1 start bit, 5-8 data bits, 1 check bit and 1-2 stop bit(s), with the format as shown in the figure below. It is triggered when a start frame, error frame, check error or specified data is detected.

Enter the RS232/UART bus trigger and the trigger setting information is

displayed at the lower part of the screen, such as displayed at the lower part of the screen, such as displayed at the RS232/UART trigger mode is selected with the trigger signal source of CH1, CH1 baud rate of 9,600bps and CH1 trigger level of 0.000pV.



The descriptions of **RS232 trigger** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions					
_	RS232/						
Туре	UART	Set the buss trigger type to RS232/UART trigger.					
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.					
Source	CH2						
Source	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.					
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.					
Polarity	J.M.	Select positive polarity for data transmission.					

	W	Select reverse polarity for data transmission.					
	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn General knob to set the commonly-used baud rate.					
	Custom	Click Numeric Display Box to input the baud rate					
David	-	to be set and click unit to confirm; or click Gear					
Baud		Input Box (- or +) or turn the General knob to set					
		the baud rate, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$					
		to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.					
		The baud rate ranges from 50 to 10,000,000.					
		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the required threshold;					
Threshold	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level					
		in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal					
		amplitude.					
	Start	Trigger at the frame starting position.					
		Trigger when an error frame is detected, and set					
		after selecting this trigger condition: <b>Stop Bit</b> : Select "1 bit" or "2 bits".					
	Error	<b>Parity Check</b> : "N/A" refers to no check; "Even"					
	LIIOI	refers to even check and "Odd" refers to odd					
		check; the oscilloscope determines if there is any					
Condition		check error based on this setting.					
Condition		Trigger when a check error is detected. After					
	Chk Error	selecting this trigger conditions, click <b>Parity</b>					
		<b>Check</b> to select even check or odd check. Trigger at the last bit of the set data bit and set					
		after selecting this trigger condition:					
	Data	<b>Data Bit Width</b> : Set to 5, 6, 7, or 8 bits.					
		Data: Based on the set data bit width, the data					
		range is between 0 and 2 data bits width power -1.					
		100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the					
		interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit					
		and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the					
HoldOff		interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click					
		$<>$ or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor					
		and select the digit to be set.					
	100ns	Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.					
Sensitivity	A (	Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.					
	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.					
Mode	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger					
	Tiorna	conditions are satisfied.					

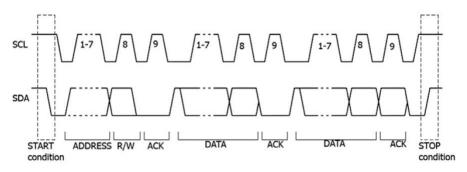
 i	
Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is
	detected and then stop acquisition.

## **I2C Trigger**

I2C serial bus consists of two lines, SCL and SDA, with the transmission rate determined by the clock line SCL and transmission data by SDA, as shown in the figure, it can be triggered upon start, restart, stop, loss confirmation and specific equipment address or data value.

Enter the I2C bus trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed at

the lower part of the screen, such as trigger type is selected with CH1 SCL trigger level of 400.0mV and CH2 SDA trigger level of 464.0mV.



The descriptions of the I2C trigger setting window are as follows::

Menu	Settings	Descriptions			
Туре	I2C	Set the bus trigger type to I2C.			
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as SCL.			
SCL	CH2	Set Channel 2 as SCL.			
SCL	CH3	Set Channel 3 as SCL.			
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as SCL.			
		Click Numeric Display Box and turn General			
	50%	knob to set the SCL threshold;			
Threshold		Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger			
		level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal			
		amplitude.			
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as SDA.			
SDA	CH2	Set Channel 2 as SDA.			
SDA	CH3	Set Channel 3 as SDA.			
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as SDA.			
Threshold		Click Numeric Display Box and turn General			

		50%	knob to set the SDA threshold;
			Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
		Start	Trigger when SCL is in high level and SDA is from high level to low level.
		Restart	Trigger when another starting condition occurs before the stopping condition.
		Stop	Trigger when SCL is in high level and SDA is from low level to high level.
		Ack Lost	Trigger when SDA data is in high level during any SCL clock bit period.
			Trigger to search for the address value set on the read/write bit.
	A	Addr Bits	Set the address bit width to "7-bit", "8-bit" or "10-bit".
Condition	d d r	Addr	The address ranges from 0 to 127, from 0 to 255 and from 0 to 1023 depending on the address bit width.
		Direction	Set the data direction to read or write. Note: This setting is not available when the address bit width is 8.
	D		Search for the set data value on the data line and trigger on the edge of the last clock line in the data.
	a t a	Byte Length	Set the byte length of the data ranging from 1 byte to 5 bytes. Turn <b>General</b> knob to set it.
		Data	Set the data code type on current data bit.
	Addr/Data		Search for the set address value and data value simultaneously and trigger when both meet the trigger conditions; for specific settings, refer to the setting of address format and data format.
HoldOff			100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the
		100ns	cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.
Sensitivity			Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.
Mode	Auto		Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.

Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger	
	conditions are satisfied.	
Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is	
	detected and then stop acquisition.	

## **SPI Trigger**

Trigger when the timeout conditions are met and the specified data is found by the oscilloscope. In SPI trigger mode, it is required to specified SCL (Serial Clock Line) and SDA (Serial Clock Data).

Enter the SPI bus trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed at

the lower part of the screen, such as <sup>SPI</sup> SDA: 2 466.0mV SDA trigger level of 466.0mV.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions				
Τ		Set the trigger type of the vertical channel to SPI				
Туре	SPI	trigger.				
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the SCL mode.				
SCL	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the SCL mode.				
SCL	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the SCL mode.				
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the SCL mode.				
		Click Numeric Display Box and turn General knob				
Threshold		to set the SCL threshold;				
Threshold	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in				
		the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.				
	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the SDA mode.				
SDA	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the SDA mode.				
SDA	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the SDA mode.				
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the SDA mode.				
		Click Numeric Display Box and turn General knob				
Threshold		to set the SDA threshold;				
Theshold	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in				
		the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.				
		Set the minimum idle period that is, one SCL cycle				
Timequit		ranging from 30ns to 10s with default value of				
Timeout		100ns. Timeout occurs when the SDA meeting the				
		trigger conditions is found by the oscilloscope after				

The descriptions of **SPI Trigger** setting window are as follows:

		the SCL signal remains idle for a specified time;				
		Click Numeric Input Box to input the timeout period				
		to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn <b>General</b> knob to set the timeout period, click < > or press $\leftarrow$ $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. For				
		idle state value, press $\leftarrow$ $\rightarrow$ to move the				
		cursor and select the digit to be set.				
	F	Set the clock edge to rising edge or falling edge.				
Clock		The rising edge refers to acquire the SDA at the				
Edge		rising edge of the clock; the falling edge refers to				
		acquire the SDA at the falling edge of the clock.				
		Set the number of bits in the serial data string				
Data Bits		ranging from 4 to 32 bits; click Numeric Display Box				
		and turn <b>General Knob</b> to set the data bit width.				
Data		Set the data bit.				
		100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the				
		interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and				
		click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or				
HoldOff		+) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for				
HOIDOIL		restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press				
		$\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the				
		digit to be set.				
	100ns	Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.				
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.				
	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger				
		condition is detected.				
Mode	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger				
INIOUE		conditions are satisfied.				
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is				
		detected and then stop acquisition.				

## **CAN Trigger**

CAN, the abbreviation of Controller Area Network, is the serial

communication protocol of ISO international standardization.

In CAN bus trigger mode, it can be triggered upon Start, Type, ID, Data,

**ID/Data, End, Lost** or **Error**. It is required to specify the signal source, signal type, acquisition point and signal rate.

Enter the CAN bus trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed

CAN

at the lower right of the screen, such as 1,000,000bps, indicating that the CAN

trigger type is selected with the trigger signal source of CH1, frame type of CAN\_H and the baud rate of 1,000,000bps.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions				
Туре	CAN	Set the bus trigger type as CAN.				
Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal. Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.				
Туре	CAN_H CAN_L TX RX	Actual CAN_H bus signal. Actual CAN_L bus signal. Sending signal from CAN signal line. Receiving signal from CAN signal line.				
Sample Point		Click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the point within the bit time to be set and click % to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn <b>General</b> knob to set the point within the bit time, click < > or press ← → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The oscilloscope start acquisition to bit level at this point. The position of acquisition point is indicated with the percentage of "bit start to acquisition point" to "bit time", ranging from 5% to 95%.				
	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn General knob to select the baud rate from the table.				
Baud	Custom	Click <b>Numeric Display Box</b> to input the baud rate to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the baud rate, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the baud rate ranging from 10,000 to 1,000,000.				
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the required threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.				
	Start	Trigger a	at the frame	start bit of the data frame.		
Condition	Туре	DataTrigger on the selectedTypeRemotetype.ErrorError				

The descriptions of **CAN trigger** setting window are as follows:

			Overload				
		ID	Standard	Select the ID format as			
		Format	Extend	standard or extended.			
	ID	ID Value		Use the General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the ID value required.			
	Data	Byte Length		Click Numeric Display Box and select the byte length required for the set data, ranging from 1 to 8.			
		Data		Use the General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the value required for the data.			
		ID Format	Standard Extend	Select the ID format as standard or extended.			
	ID /Data	ID Value		Use the General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the ID value required.			
		Byte Length		Click Numeric Display Box and select the byte length required for the set data, ranging from 1 to 8.			
		Data		Use the General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the value required for the data.			
	End	Trigger a	at the frame	end bit of the data frame.			
	Lost	Set the trigger condition to loss confirmation.					
	Error	Set the t	rigger cond	ition to padding error.			
		100ns – 10s; click Numeric Input Box to input the					
		interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and					
				firm; or click Gear Input Box (- or			
HoldOff		+) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the					
		digit to b					
	100ns	U		off time as 100ns.			
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.					
	Auto	Set to co	ollect wavef	orm even when no trigger			
			n is detecte				
Mode	Normal	Set to co are satis		orm only when trigger conditions			
	Single		•	veform when one trigger is top acquisition.			

## LIN Trigger

The LIN bus data frame format is shown in the figure below:

Sync Break	Sync Field	Identifier Field	Data Fields	Checksum Field
------------	------------	---------------------	----------------	-------------------

Trigger with LIN bus based on signal **Break,ID, ID/data** and **Data Error**.

The signal source and signal rate specified by LIN is required.

Enter the LIN buss trigger and the trigger setting information is displayed at the lower right of the screen, such as  $\begin{bmatrix} N \\ 1,200bps \\ 1,800V \end{bmatrix}$ , indicating that the LIN trigger type is selected with the trigger signal source of CH1, baud rate of 1,200bps and trigger level of 1.800V.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions		
Туре	LIN	Set the buss trigger type as LIN.		
Source	CH1	Set Channel 1 as the signal source trigger signal.		
	CH2	Set Channel 2 as the signal source trigger signal.		
	CH3	Set Channel 3 as the signal source trigger signal.		
	CH4	Set Channel 4 as the signal source trigger signal.		
Baud	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn General knob		
		to select the baud rate from the table.		
	Custom	Click <b>Numeric Display Box</b> to input the baud rate to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear		
		Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set		
		the baud rate, and click $< >$ or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$		
		to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.		
		Set the baud rate ranging from 10,000 to		
		1,000,000.		
Threshold		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob		
		to set the required threshold;		
	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level		
		in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal		
		amplitude.		
Condition	Break	Trigger at the frame start bit of the data frame.		
	ID	Use General knob and arrow keys on the		
		ID panel to set the ID valued required.		

The descriptions of **LIN trigger** setting window are as follows:

		1		
		ID	Use General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the ID valued required.	
	ID/Data	Byte Length	Use the <b>General</b> knob to specify the length of the data in bytes, ranging from 1 to 8.	
		Data	Use General knob and arrow keys on the panel to set the ID valued required.	
	Data Error	Set the trigger condition to bit data error.		
HoldOff	100ns	100ns – 10s; click <b>Numeric Input Box</b> to input the interval to be set for restarting the trigger circuit and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the interval for restarting the trigger circuit, and click $< >$ or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. Set the trigger hold-off time as 100ns.		
Sensitivity		Set the sensitivity of the trigger window.		
Mode	Auto	Set to collect waveform even when no trigger condition is detected.		
	Normal	Set to collect waveform only when trigger conditions are satisfied.		
	Single	Set to acquire a waveform when one trigger is detected and then stop acquisition.		

## How To Set Analysis Modulation

Analysis modulation including: Measure, XY Mode, Cursor, Math, FFT, DIR, Pass Fail, Counter, DVM and Decode.

### How To Set Automatic Measurement

Press **Measure** key or click **and select Measure** menu to conduct

automatic measurement; there are 43 kinds of measurement including horizontal measurement, vertical measurement, Blend measurement and Inter-CH measurement, and a maximum of 8 measuring types can be displayed at the lower left of the screen.

**Horizontal Measurement includes:** Period, + Width, Rise Time, +Duty, Frequency, - Width, Fall Time, -Duty and ScrDuty;

**Vertical Measurement includes:**Vavg, Vpp, Vamp, StdDev, Vmax, Vtop, VRMS, Overshoot, Vmin, Vbase, CycRms and Preshoot;

**Blend Measurement includes:**+PulseCnt, -PulseCnt, RiseCnt, FallCnt, Area and CycArea;

Inter-channel Measurement includes:  $Delay(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $Phase(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $FRR(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $FRF(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $FFR(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $FFF(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $LRR(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $LRF(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ ,  $LFR(1 \pm -2 \pm)$  and  $LFF(1 \pm -2 \pm)$ .

The descriptions of automatic measurement setting window is shown as follows:



Num	Descriptions
1	Switch, the current state is On; and the measurement is off when
1	the circle is gray.
2	Setting measuring menu.
	Select signal source CH1,CH2,CH3 and CH4 or between channels.
3	Select the corresponding signal source to highlight the signal
	source and display corresponding measuring type. Current state is

	CH1 signal source being selected.			
4	It indicates that the current measuring type is added.			
5	ndicates that the current measuring type is not added.			
C	It indicates the display box of current measuring value type and			
6	measuring result display box.			
7	The currently selected measurement type is interpreted.			
8	Click to close measuring menu.			
9	Click to delete all added measuring types.			
10	Click to display all measuring values of current opened channel.			

#### Add/Delete

The waveform channel must be opened for measurement. Automatic measurement can not be performed when storing the waveform or calculating double waveforms. In slow sweep, both the cycle and frequency can not be measured.

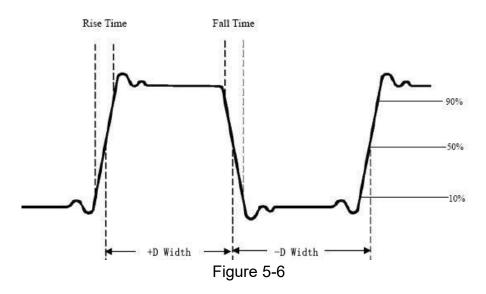
**For example:** To measure the cycle and +Width of CH1 channel signal, operate according to the following steps:

- 1. Press **Measure** key and the setting window is displayed on the screen.
- 2. Click the Switch to On state and the circle is highlighted.
- 3. Click Signal Source CH1 to highlight it.
- Click Period and +Width in the horizontal measurement, and the circle is checked and highlighted.

The measured values will be automatically displayed at the lower left of the screen. See Number 6 in Figure 5-5.

#### **Automatic Measurement of Horizontal Parameters**

The oscilloscopes provide time parameters auto-measurements include Period, Frequency, Rise Time, Fall Time, +Width, -Width, +Duty, -Duty, and ScrDuty.



**Rise Time:** Time that the leading edge of the first pulse in the waveform takes to rise from 10% to 90% of its amplitude.

**Fall Time:** Time that the falling edge of the first pulse in the waveform takes to fall from 90% to 10% of its amplitude.

+Width: The width of the first positive pulse in 50% amplitude points.

-Width: The width of the first negative pulse in the 50% amplitude points.

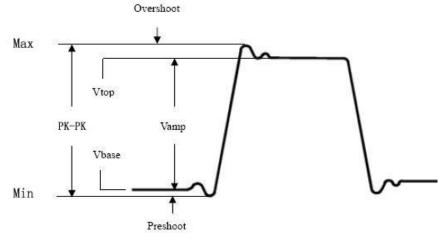
+Duty: +Duty Cycle, defined as +Width/Period.

-Duty: -Duty Cycle, defined as -Width/Period.

ScrDuty: Defines as (the width of the positive pulse)/(Entire period).

### **Automatic Measurement of Vertical Parameters**

The oscilloscopes provide automatic voltage measurements including Vavg, Vpp, Vamp, StdDev, Vmax, Vtop,VRMS, Overshoot, Vmin, Vbase, CycRms and Preshoot. The following figure illustrates the physical significance of a set of voltage parameters.





Vavg: The arithmetic mean over the entire waveform.

Vpp: Peak-to-Peak Voltage.

**VRMS:** The true Root Mean Square voltage over the entire waveform.

**Overshoot:** Defined as (Vmax-Vtop)/Vamp, useful for square and pulse waveforms.

**Vmax:** The maximum amplitude. The most positive peak voltage measured over the entire waveform.

**Vmin:** The minimum amplitude. The most negative peak voltage measured over the entire waveform.

Vtop: Voltage of the waveform's flat top, useful for square/pulse waveforms.

**CycRms:** The true Root Mean Square voltage over the first entire period of the waveform.

**Vbase:** Voltage of the waveform's flat base, useful for square/pulse waveforms.

Vamp: Voltage between Vtop and Vbase of a waveform.

**Preshoot:** Defined as (Vmin-Vbase)/Vamp, useful for square and pulse waveforms.

**StdDev:** Calculate the arithmetic square root of the mean of the square of the difference between each data piece of the waveform and its mean.

#### **Blend Measurement:**

**+PulseCnt** The number of positive pulses that rise above the mid reference crossing in the waveform.

-PulseCnt : The number of negative pulses that fall below the mid reference crossing in the waveform.

**RiseCnt T**: The number of positive transitions from the low reference value to the high reference value in the waveform.

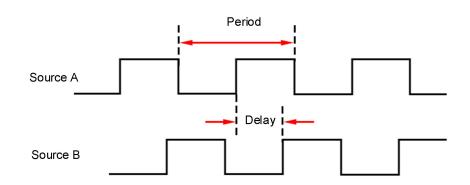
**FallCnt** The number of negative transitions from the high reference value to the low reference value in the waveform.

**Area** . The area of the whole waveform within the screen and the unit is voltage-second. The area measured above the zero reference (namely the vertical offset) is positive; the area measured below the zero reference is negative. The area measured is the algebraic sum of the area of the whole waveform within the screen.

**CycArea**  $\longrightarrow$  : The area of the first period of waveform on the screen and the unit is voltage-second. The area above the zero reference (namely the vertical offset) is positive and the area below the zero reference is negative. The area measured is the algebraic sum of the area of the whole period waveform.

Note: When the waveform on the screen is less than a period, the period area measured is 0.

#### Automatic Measurement of Inter-channel Parameters:



#### Note for the following measurements:

When source A in the menu is set to CH<n>, source A is CH<n>.

When source B in the menu is set to CH<n>, source B is CH<n>.

**Delay**( $\mathbf{P}$ - $\mathbf{P}$ ): The time difference between the rising edge of source A and the rising edge of source B at the middle of the threshold. Negative delay indicates that the rising edge of source A occurs after that of source B.

**Delay**( $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ ): The time difference between the falling edge of source A and the falling edge of source B at the middle of the threshold. Negative delay indicates that the falling edge of source A occurs after that of source B.

**Delay**( $\mathcal{F}$ - $\mathcal{H}$ ): The time difference between the rising edge of source A and the falling edge of source B at the middle of the threshold. Negative delay indicates that the rising edge of source A occurs after the falling edge of source B.

**Delay**( $\mathcal{L}$ - $\mathcal{F}$ ): The time difference between the lower rising edge of source A and the upper falling edge of source B at the middle value of the threshold. Negative delay indicates that the lower rising edge of source A occurs after the upper falling edge of source B.

**Phase**(- - - -): The phase difference between the rising edge of source A and the rising edge of source B at the middle value of the threshold is expressed in degrees.Calculation formula is:

$$PhaseA_{R}B_{R} = \frac{DelayA_{R}B_{R}}{Period_{sourceA}} \times 360^{\circ}$$

Of which,  $PhaseA_RB_R$  is phase (- - +),  $DelayA_RB_R$  is delay(- + - +),

Period<sub>sourceA</sub> is source A period.

**Phase**( $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ ): The phase difference between the falling edge of source A and the falling edge of source B at the middle value of the threshold is expressed in degrees.Calculation formula is:

$$PhaseA_{F}B_{F} = \frac{DelayA_{F}B_{F}}{Period_{sourceA}} \times 360^{\circ}$$

Of which, Phase  $A_F B_F$  is phase (1 - 1),  $Delay A_F B_F$  is delay (1 - 1),

Period<sub>sourceA</sub> is source A period.

**Phase**( $\pm - \frac{1}{2}$ ): The phase difference between the rising edge of source A and the falling edge of source B at the middle value of the threshold is expressed in degrees.Calculation formula is:

$$PhaseA_{R}B_{F} = \frac{DelayA_{R}B_{F}}{Period_{sourceA}} \times 360^{\circ}$$

Of which,  $PhaseA_RB_F$  is phase(--+),  $DelayA_RB_F$  is delay(--+),

Period<sub>sourceA</sub> is source A period.

**Phase**( $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ ): The phase difference between the falling edge of source A and the rising edge of source B at the middle value of the threshold is expressed in degrees.Calculation formula is:

$$PhaseA_{F}B_{R} = \frac{DelayA_{F}B_{R}}{Period_{sourceA}} \times 360^{\circ}$$

Of which,  $PhaseA_FB_R$  is phase(1 - 4),  $DelayA_FB_R$  is delay(1 - 4),

Period<sub>sourceA</sub> is source A period.

FRR: Time between Source A first rising edge and Source B first rising edge.
FRF: Time between Source A first rising edge and Source B first falling edge.
FFR: Time between Source A first falling edge and Source B first rising edge.
FFF: Time between Source A first falling edge and Source B first falling edge.
LRR: Time between Source A first rising edge and Source B last rising edge.
LRF: Time between Source A first rising edge and Source B last rising edge.
LRF: Time between Source A first rising edge and Source B last falling edge.

**LFF:** Time between Source A first falling edge and Source B last falling edge.

### Statistics

Click **Statistics** in the setting window, as shown below.



 Click switch to open or close the statistics display window. This instrument supports statistics and displays the current value of a number of measurement results, as shown in the figure below.

	1 Period
Cur:	1.000ms
Avg:	999.3us
Max:	1.440ms
Min:	998.6us
Dev:	666.6ns

- Click Avg & Std Sample Times Input Box, set the statistics number by pop up keyboard and also can rotate the corresponding multipurpose knob to set value. The value range of measurement times is 2 to 1000, default is 2.
- Click **Reset**, it will clear all measurement of history data and statistics again.

### Indicator

In the Indicator setting window, click **Switch**, select open or close Indicator function.

If opening Indicator function, screen will appear one or multiple cursor. Before opening Indicator function, you need to open one automatic measurement parameter at least, cursor number will change by measurement parameters.

Horizontal Range	Screen Cursor			
Top/Base	Auto Histogram Min-Max			
Threshold(Lov	wer Limit <mid limit)<="" th="" value<upper=""></mid>			
Upper Limit	90.0%			
Mid Value	50.0%			
Lower Limit	10.0%			
	Default			

Horizontal Range: Selecting **Screen** indicates that the measurement range is the whole screen; selecting **Cursor** indicates that the measurement range is only within the cursor range.

Top/Base: Set the measurement method for the top and bottom values of the amplitude. Can choose **Auto**, **Histogram** or **Min-Max**.

Threshold(Lower Limit<Mid Value<Upper Limit):

- Click Upper Limit Input Box set the statistics number by pop up keyboard and also can rotate the corresponding general knob to set value. When the upper limit value is set to less than or equal to the current median value, the interface prompts "exceed the limit value", and the instrument automatically adjusts the upper limit value to make it higher than the median value. The default percentage is 90%, and the default absolute value changes with the vertical setting of the channel.
- Click Mid Value Input Box set the statistics number by pop up keyboard and also can rotate the corresponding general knob to set value. The median value is limited by the upper and lower limits, and the default percentage is 50%. The default absolute value varies with the vertical setting of the channel.
- Click Lower Limit Input Box set the statistics number by pop up

#### Set

keyboard and also can rotate the corresponding general knob to set value. When the current limit value is set to greater than or equal to the current median value, the interface prompts "exceed limit value", and the instrument automatically adjusts the lower limit value to make it lower than the median value. The default percentage is 10% and the default absolute value changes with the vertical setting of the channel.

 Click **Default** The instrument restores the upper limit, med value, and lower limit to default values.

### How To Set XY Mode

After XY mode is selected, both Channel 1 and Channel 2 are opened and one waveform amplitude is displayed relative to another. **CH1** is displayed on the horizontal axis and **CH2** is displayed on the vertical axis. The oscilloscope uses the untriggered acquisition mode with the data displayed as light spot.

Horizontal axis can select CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4.

Vertical axis can select CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4.

- Operations of various control buttons are as follows:
- Use Vertical Scale and Vertical Position knob to set the scale and position in horizontal direction.
- Use Vertical Scale and Vertical Position knob to set the scale and position in vertical direction.

In the XY mode, the following functions are not available:

- Mathematical operation waveform
- FFT
- DIR
- Pass/Fail
- FRA

Operating Steps:

(1) Click the main menu window 💼 , select **XY Mode**. Then click **Switch** 

to highlight it.

(2) Select **Full Screen** to **On** status to open the full screen view of XY mode.

# How To Set Cursor Measurement

Press **Cursor** key, click the main menu window to select **Cursor** option or click **Cursor Shortcut** at the upper part of the screen and then click the information display bar in the right of the screen, the cursor information display bar as shown in the figure below.



# **Cursor Measurement in General Mode:**

The descriptions of **cursor measurement** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions		
Switch		Open or close the cursor measurement.		
		Select Cursor Mode.		
	Manual Auto	When Auto Mode is selected, the position		
Mode		of the horizontal cursor is automatically set		
		to the intersection of the vertical cursor and		
		the waveform.		
	Main	Measure the main waveform area;		
Window	Other	Measure other waveform areas(Note: Only		
		available in XY、Zoom、FFT mode.).		

Follow Line			Enable or disable the cursor measured			
			value moving with the cursor line.			
Source		Selected Waveform CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 Math	Select the waveform channel to be measured by the cursor.			
		Х	Display time measurement cursor and			
Туј	pe	Y	menu; Display voltage measurement cursor and			
		XY	menu; Display time and voltage measurement cursor and menu.			
		X1	Select X1 vertical cursor line;			
		X2	Select X2 vertical cursor line;			
		X1&X2	Select X1 and X2 vertical cursor lines			
			simultaneously.			
		Y1	Select Y1 horizontal cursor line;			
		Y2	Select Y2 horizontal cursor line; Select Y1 and Y2 horizontal lines			
Lir	ne	Y1&Y2				
		11012	simultaneously.Select a cursor line and turn			
			<b>General</b> knob or drag the cursor line with			
			the finger to move the cursor line.			
		Input Box	Click Input Box to set the cursor position			
		•	required.			
		S				
	X Unit	Hz	Select the display unit of cursor			
		Percent(%)	measurement.			
Unit		Degree(°)				
		Follow	The display unit of Y cursor display value is			
	Y Unit	Source	subject to the unit of signal source			
		Percent(%)	(V.A.W.U) or the percentage.			

To conduct cursor measurements of CH1 time and voltage, perform the following operating steps:

- 1. Press **Cursor** key to pop up cursor measurement setting window. The cursor information display bar located to the right of the waveform display area displays the cursor readings.
- 2. In the setting window, select  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Window}}$  as  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Main}}$  .
- 3. In the setting window, select **Source** as **CH1**.

- 4. Set Cursor Type
- Click X in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 are displayed in the vertical direction of the screen;
- Click Y in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click XY in the type menu, two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 in the vertical direction and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 in the horizontal direction are displayed in the screen.
- 5. Set Cursor Line
- Click Y1 or Y2 in the Cursor Line menu, turn General knob to move the cursor lines Y1 or Y2 up and down; select Y1&Y2 and turn General knob to move the cursor lines Y1 and Y2 up and down simultaneously;
- Click X1 or X2 in the Cursor Line menu, turn General knob to move the cursor lines X1 or X2 left and right; select X1&X2 and turn General knob to move the cursor lines X1 and X2 left and right simultaneously.

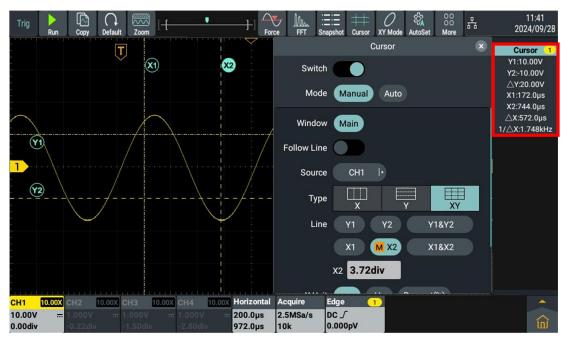


Figure 5-8:Time &Voltage Cursor Measurement

# **Use Gestures To Move The Cursor Line**

For operating touch screen in cursor measurement, see "Other touch screen operations" in Page 28.

### **Cursor Measurement in Zoom Mode**

To perform a Zoom cursor measurement, perform the following steps:

- 1. Click Zoom shortcut at the top of screen, press **Horizontal Scale** knob or click the **Horizontal Information Display Bar** to enter the zoom mode.
- Press Cursor key to pop up the cursor measurement setting window.
   The cursor information display bar located to the right of the waveform display area displays the cursor readings.
- 3. In setting window, select Window as Main or Zoom, can make the cursor line appear in the main waveform area or Zoom waveform area.
- 4. Set Cursor Type
- Click X in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click Y in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click XY in the type menu and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 in the vertical direction and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 in the horizontal direction are displayed on the screen.
- 5. Set Cursor Line
- Click Y1 or Y2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines Y1 or Y2 up and down; select Y1&Y2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines Y1 and Y2 up and down simultaneously;
- Click X1 or X2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines X1 or X2 left and right; select X1&X2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines X1 and X2 left and right simultaneously.

### **Cursor Measurement in FFT Mode**

To perform a FFT cursor measurement, perform the following steps:

 Click FFT shortcut at the top of screen, then FFT information display bar will display in the bottom of screen, click the information display bar will pop up FFT setting window. You can select Vrms dB Radians Degrees in Vertical Units .

- Press Cursor key to pop up the cursor measurement setting window.
   The cursor information display bar located to the right of the waveform display area displays the cursor readings.
- 3. In setting window, select Window as Main or FFT, can make the cursor line appear in the main waveform area or FFT waveform area.
- 4. Set Cursor Type
- Click X in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click Y in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click XY in the type menu and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 in the vertical direction and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 in the horizontal direction are displayed on the screen.
- 5. Set Cursor Line
- Click Y1 or Y2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines Y1 or Y2 up and down; select Y1&Y2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines Y1 and Y2 up and down simultaneously;
- Click X1 or X2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines X1 or X2 left and right; select X1&X2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines X1 and X2 left and right simultaneously.

### **Cursor Measurement in XY Mode**

To perform a XY cursor measurement, perform the following steps:

- 1. Click XY Mode shortcut at the top of screen can directly enable XY mode.
- Press Cursor key to pop up the cursor measurement setting window.
   The cursor information display bar located to the right of the waveform display area displays the cursor readings.
- 3. In setting window, select Window as Main or XY, can make the cursor line appear in the main waveform area or XY waveform area.

- 4. Set Cursor Type
- Click X in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click Y in the type menu to highlight it, and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 are displayed in the horizontal direction of the screen;
- Click XY in the type menu and two yellow dotted lines X1 and X2 in the vertical direction and two yellow dotted lines Y1 and Y2 in the horizontal direction are displayed on the screen.
- 5. Set Cursor Line
- Click Y1 or Y2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines Y1 or Y2 up and down; select Y1&Y2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines Y1 and Y2 up and down simultaneously;
- Click X1 or X2 in the cursor line menu and turn General knob to move the cursor lines X1 or X2 left and right; select X1&X2 and turn General knob to move two cursor lines X1 and X2 left and right simultaneously.

### How to Realize Waveform Operation Function

Waveform operation functions include addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, integration, differentiation, square root and custom function operations for Channel 1, Channel 2, Channel 3 and Channel 4 waveforms. Click in the right corner of the screen, then select **Math** to display setting window, as shown in the figure below.



The descriptions of **Math** setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu Settings De		Descriptions			
Switch		Open or close the waveform mathematics.			
	Basic	Waveform calculation of simple addition,			
		subtraction, multiplication and division for CH1,			
Туре		CH2, CH3 and CH4;			
51	Advanced	Advanced waveform calculation for CH1, CH2,			
		CH3 and CH4, such as integration, calculus,			
		square roots or custom function operations.			
	CH1  ►	Select CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4 signal source.			
Expression	+   ►	Select operation sign.			
	CH1  🕨	Select CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4 signal source.			
Display Op		Open or close math operation formula.			
Scale		Turn <b>General</b> knob to adjust the vertical gear of			
		Math waveform.			
		Click Numeric Input Box to directly input the			
		vertical position of the <b>Math</b> waveform to be set			
		and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box			
		(- or +) or turn General knob to set the vertical			
Vertical		position of <b>Math</b> waveform to be set, click < > or			
		press $\leftarrow$ $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select			
		the digit to be set.			
	0div	Click Odiv, the waveform vertical position can be			
		zero.			

### Waveform Calculation

Take Channel 1 + Channel 2 as an example, the operating steps are as follows:

- 1. Click in the right corner of screen, then select **Math**, the screen will pop up math setting window.
- Click Switch to highlight it,and the pink waveform M will display on the screen.
- 3. Click **Basic** to highlight it.
- 4. Click CH1 | ► to select CH1.
- 5. Click +| ► to select +.
- 6. Click CH1 | ► to select CH2.
- Click **Display**. When the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The pink Math and formula will be displayed at the lower left corner of the screen.
- Click the Numeric Display Box of Scale and turn General knob to adjust the vertical scale of Math waveform.
- 9. Click Vertical, click Numeric Input Box to directly input the vertical position of Math waveform to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn General knob to set the vertical position of Math waveform to be set and click < > or press ← → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.

### **Custom Function Operation**

- Click in the right corner of screen, then select Math, the screen will pop up math setting window.
- Click Switch to highlight it, and the pink waveform M will display on the screen.
- 3. Click Advanced to highlight it.
- Click Expression Display Box to pop up expression input soft keyboard on the screen.

				Clea	r all	 ear current aracter
				Expressi	on	×
Expression-	1+1					
Channel —	0	2	3	•	С	←
Operator -	88		•			+
	!(					-
Function	Tan(	Intg(	Diff(			*
	Sqrt(	Lg(				/
Confirm	Exp(	Abs(		CoSin(		
input				Confirm		

- 5. Create the expression, then select **Confirm** in the keyboard to implement.
- Click **Display**. When the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The formula will be displayed at the lower left corner of the screen.
- Click the Numeric Display Box of Scale and turn General knob to adjust the vertical scale of Math waveform.
- 8. Click Vertical, click Numeric Input Box to directly input the vertical position of Math waveform to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn General knob to set the vertical position of Math waveform to be set and click < > or press ← → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set.

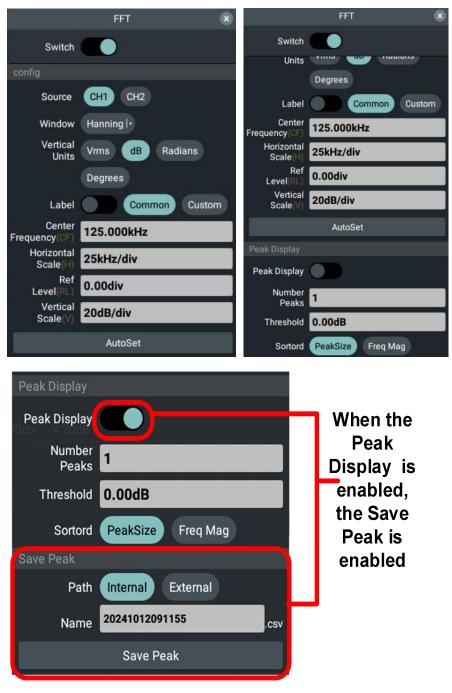
# How To Set FFT

FFT decomposes the signal into component frequencies, and the oscilloscope uses these component frequencies to display the graph of signal

frequency domain, which corresponds to the standard time domain graph of the oscilloscope. Then match these frequencies with known system frequencies, such as the system clock, oscilloscope or power supply.

The FFT operation of this instrument can convert 8192 data points of the time domain waveform into frequency domain signal (the recording length of the acquisition shall be set to 512K points or above). And the final FFT spectrum contains 4096 points from DC (0Hz) to Nyquist frequency.

The FFT setting window is shown as follows:



FFT operating steps are as follows:

- 1. Click **fin** in the right corner of screen,then select **FFT**, the screen will pop up FFT setting window.
- Click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The pink waveform M will be displayed on the screen (It is also available to click FFT shortcut softkey at the upper part of the screen).
- 3. Click the signal source CH1.
- 4. Click Rectangle i and select the window type to be used from the displayed window.
- 5. Click Vertical Units and select Vrms, dB, Radians or Degrees.
- Click Label, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can choose common or custom label type.
- Click Center Frequency, Horizontal Scale, Ref Level, Vertical Scale Numeric Display Box respectively and set the value required. Or click AutoSet in the FFT display can observe suitable waveforms.
- 8. Click **Peak Display**, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. A peak display list appears at the top left of the screen. The number of lists is determined by the number of peaks and the threshold. The peak display list is displayed at the top left of the waveform.
- 9. Click **Number Peaks** Numeric Display Box , set the value required and setting range is 1 to 15.
- 10. Click **Threshold** Numeric Display Box and set the value required.The threshold range is related to the current FFT gear and offset.
- 11. Click Sortord and select the sortord type PeakSize or Freq Mag.
- 12. Click Path and select the save path is Internal or External.
- 13. Click **Name** Numeric Display Box and set the name required.
- 14. Click **Save Peak** to save the file.

Note:12-14 valid only when peak display is on.

### The Description of FFT Window

There are 6 FFT windows. Each one has trade-offs between frequency resolution and amplitude accuracy. What you want to measure and your source signal characteristics help you to determine which window to use. Use the following guidelines to select the best window.

Туре	Descriptions	Window
Rectangle	<ul> <li>Best solution for frequency, worst for amplitude.</li> <li>Best type for measuring the frequency spectrum of nonrepetitive signals and measuring frequency components near DC.</li> <li>Recommend to use for: <ul> <li>Transients or bursts, the signal level before and after the event are nearly equal.</li> <li>Equal-amplitude sine waves with frequencies those are very close.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Broadband random noise with a relatively slow varying spectrum.</li> </ul>	
Hanning	<ul> <li>Good for amplitude, but poorer frequency resolution than Hamming.</li> <li>Recommend to use for:</li> <li>Sine, periodic and narrow band random noise.</li> <li>Transients or bursts where the signal levels before and after the event are significantly different.</li> </ul>	
Hamming	<ul> <li>Better solution for amplitude than Rectangle, and good for frequency as well. It has slightly better frequency resolution than Hanning.</li> <li>Recommend to use for: <ul> <li>Sine, periodic and narrow band random noise.</li> <li>Transients or bursts where the signal levels before and after the event are significantly different.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Blackman	<ul> <li>Best solution for amplitude, worst for frequency.</li> <li>Recommend to use for:</li> <li>Single frequency waveforms, to find higher order harmonics.</li> </ul>	
Bartlett	The Bartlett window is a slightly narrower variant of the triangular window, with zero weight at both ends.	
Kaiser	The frequency resolution when using the Kaiser window is fair; the spectral leakage and amplitude accuracy are both good. The Kaiser window is best used when frequencies	

are very close to the same value but have widely differing amplitudes (the side lobe level and shape factor are closest to the traditional Gaussian RBW). This window is also good for random signals.

### Notes for using FFT

- Use the default **dB** scale for details of multiple frequencies, even if they have very different amplitudes. Use the **dB** scale to compare frequencies.
- DC component or offset can cause incorrect magnitude values of FFT waveform. To minimize the DC component, choose AC Coupling on the source signal.
- To reduce random noise and aliased components in repetitive or single-shot events, set the oscilloscope acquisition mode to average.

### What is Nyquist frequency:

The Nyquist frequency is the highest frequency that any real-time digitizing oscilloscope can acquire without aliasing. This frequency is half of the sample rate. Frequencies above the Nyquist frequency will be under sampled, which causes aliasing. So pay more attention to the relation between the frequency being sampled and measured.

# How To Set DIR(Digital Filtering)

Digital filtering supports low pass, high pass, band pass and band reject types, and the specific frequency in the signal can be filtered out by setting the cut-off frequency. The setting window is shown as below.

	DIR	×
Switch		_
Source	СН1 СН2 СН	3 CH4
Туре	Low Pass High I	Pass
	Band Pass Band	l Reject
Window	Rectangular  •	
Cut Off	500Hz	
Vertical	0.00div	0div

- Click **DIR** in the analysis module from the main menu window 
   at the lower right of the screen.
- In the setting window, click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The pink waveform M will be displayed on the screen.
- 3. Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 in the **Source** option.
- Select Low Pass, High Pass, Band Pass or Band Reject in the Type option.
- Select the appropriate window, Rectangular, Tapered, Triangular, Hanning, Hamming or Blackman in the Window option.
- 6. Click Cut Off frequency numeric window:

When Low Pass or High Pass is selected as the filter type, it is available to set the required cut-off frequency in the lower part of the menu.
When Band Pass or Band Reject is selected as the filter type, it is available to set the required Up frequency limit or Down frequency limit in the lower part of the menu.

7. Click Vertical in the option, directly click Numeric Input Box to input the vertical position of the Math Waveform to be set and click the unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn General knob to set the vertical position of the Math Waveform to be set, click < > or press

 $\rightarrow$  to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The voltage gear of

the Math Waveform is the same as that of the current channel.

### Note: In slow sweep, the digital filter function is disabled.

### How To Set Pass Fail

Click **Pass Fail** in the analysis module from the main menu window in the wind

lower right of the screen. The descriptions of the setting window are shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions			
Switch		Open or close Pass/Fail measure function.			
Operate		Control operate switch.			
	Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 source.		
Configuration	Category	PASS FAIL	Select pass or fail set type. Pass:The measured signal conforms to the set rules; Fail:The measured signal doesn't conforms to the set rules.		
	Output Stopped	Open or close OutputStopped function. When enabled, it stops as soon as the set rules are met.			
	Bell	Open or close Bell function.When enabled, the bell rings when the setting is met.			
	Message Display		or close pass/fail message display te window.		
	Horizontally Disposed		div, click Numeric Input Box,set the national value required.		
TheMaskRule	Vertically Disposed	0.04~2div, click Numeric Input Box,set the vertical value required.			
	CreateRule	Click to set the conditions as the test rules.			
Mask save &	0 Null 	According to require test rule, can set 8 groups test rules. Note:			
read	7 Null	Null: Indicates empty, no rule is created; Rule: Indicates that a rule has been created.			
	Save		nd save the set test rules.		
	Rename	According to requirement to rename the rule.			

**Read** Click to print the saved test rule.

**Pass/Fail:** It detects whether the input signal of the channel is within the rules. If it is out of range, it is a failure; otherwise, it is a pass. It can output failure or pass signal through the built-in, configurable output port.

To perform a Pass/Fail test, follow these steps:

- Click **Pass Fail** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen
- In the setting window, click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.
- Configuration: In the configuration menu,set output type is Pass or Fail;set output mode whether to open OutputStopped or Bell; set whether to open Message Display.
- TheMaskRule: In TheMaskRule menu select Source, in Horizontal Disposed or Vertical Disposed, click Numeric Input Box, set horizontal value or vertical value; click to CreateRule.
- 5. **Operate**: Click **Operate**, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.
- Mask save & Read: Select Save in the bottom of the screen, you can call the Read immediately when you need it later. You can also click Output in the menu to output the saved rules.

### Note:

- In the case of Pass/Fail on, open XY mode or FFT, Pass/Fail will close; In XY or FFT mode, Pass/Fail function menu is gray, it can not to use;
- 2. In factory setting, automatic range, Pass/Fail will close;
- During the detection process, the signal source cannot be modified, and the output stop, ring, create rule, save, and read operations cannot be performed. Only the information display and switch operations can be performed;
- 4. In stop state, don't compare data. While continuing to run, pass fail total will

add it, doesn't start at 0.

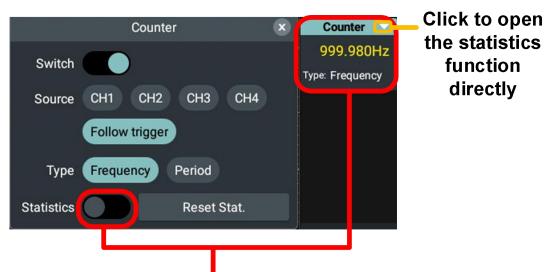
# How To Set Counter



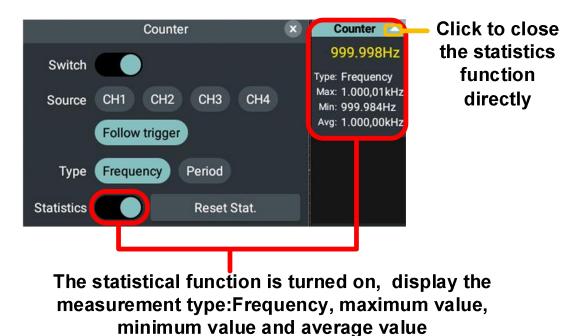
To perform counter, follow these steps:

- Click **Counter** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen <a>im</a>. The setting window will display on the screen.
- In the setting window, click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled, counter menu will display in the right list. And click Switch again or draw the information bar to the right, can close the function.
- 3. Select CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 or Follow trigger in the **Source** option.
- 4. Select Frequency or Period in the **Type** option.
- 5. Click **Statistics** when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled, counter will display Type: Frequency, Max, Min and Avg; If off, only the Type is displayed.

**Note:** Click on the top right corner of the counter information display bar can directly enable or disable the statistics function.



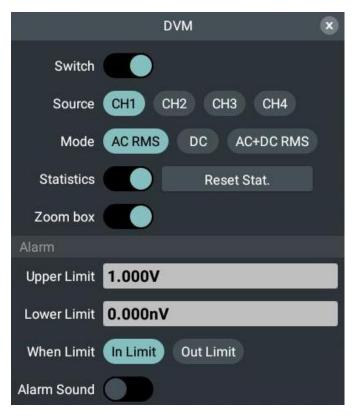
The statistics function is not turned on, only display the measurement type:Frequency



6. Click **Reset Stat.**, the historical data of the counter will be cleared and the

statistics will be re-conducted.

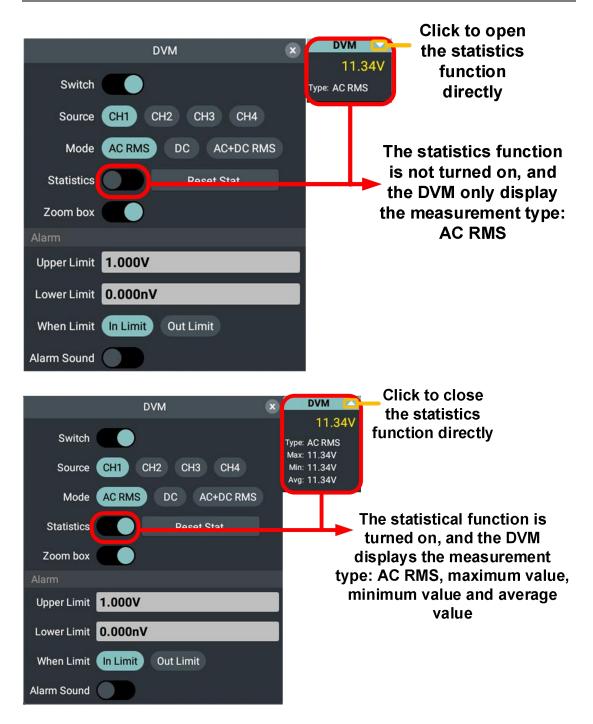
### How To Set DVM



To perform DVM, follow these steps:

- Click **DVM** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen 
   The setting window will display on the screen.
- In the setting window, click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled, DVM information display bar will display in the right list. And click Switch again or draw the information bar to the right, can close the function.
- 3. Select CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4 n the **Source** option.
- 4. Select AC RMS, DC or AC+DC RMS in the **Mode** option.
- Click Statistics when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled, DVM will display Type:AC RMS, Max, Min and Avg; If off, only the Type is displayed.

**Note:** Click on the top right corner of the DVM information display bar can directly enable or disable the statistics function.



- 6. Click **Reset Stat.**, the historical data of the DVM will be cleared and the statistics will be re-conducted.
- 7. Click Zoom box when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The zoom box will appear at the top right of the screen, and the number will match the number in the list on the right.

Trig	Run	Сору	Default	Zoom			FFT	: Snapshot	Cursor	O XY Mode	کی AutoSet	00 00 More	쁆	11:41 2024/09/28
		T				DVM		×			DVM		×	DVM
			/	Swit	ch				AC RM	MS				11.34V
		/		Sour		СН2 СН3	B CH4			1	11.	.34	<b>4</b> v	Type: AC RMS Max: 11.34V Min: 11.34V Avg: 11.34V
				Мо	de AC RMS	DC (	AC+DC RM	٨S	0.000p			11.00	50.00V	
				Statist	cs 🌕	Rese	t Stat.		Max: 11 Avg: 11	1.34V		: 11.34\		
2		1-1-1-1-1	1-1-1-1-1-1	Zoom b	ox 🗾						ispla			
				Alarm						bo	ox w	/hei	n the	
3				Upper Lir	nit <b>1.000</b>	1				Zo	oom	bo	x is	
-				Lower Lir	nit 0.000r	V				er	nabl	ed		
4				When Lir	nit In Limit	Out Limi								
				Alarm Sou	nd								-	both
CH1	10.00X	CH2	10.00X	CH3 10.00X	CH4 10.00	X Horizontal	Acquire	Edge			e co	nsi	sten	t.
10.00V 1.90div		1.000V -0.22div				200.0µs 1.228ms	2.5MSa/s 10k	DC _/ 0.000	-					

 Alarm: In the Upper Limit or Lower Limit option, click Numeric Input Box to set the upper or lower limit vale; In When Limit to set the limit condition to In Limit or Out Limit; Set the switch whether to turn on the alarm sound.

# How To Set Decode



To perform Decode, follow these steps:

1. Click **Decode** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the

bottom right of the screen 面.

- The setting window will display on the screen. Click **Decode1** or **Decode2** to set decode. Click **Switch**, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.
- Select RS232/UART, I2C, SPI, CAN or LIN in Type option. Click Copy Trig, the settings for the trigger type can be copied.
- 4. Select HEX, DECIMAL, BINARY or ASCII, in Format option.
- 5. Click **Event Table**, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. A list of decoders is displayed on the left side of the screen.

Trig	Run Copy	Default Zoom					Snapshot	Cursor		utoSet More	$\Psi$	13:58 2024/10/12
			Decode	e1(CAN)	X		×			Dec	ode	AFG 🔺
Index	Time	ID	DLC		Data	CI	RC ACK		Decod	de1	Deco	ode2
1	-814.8µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0		Switch			
2	-678.8µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0		Switch			
3	-543.4µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0	<b>I</b>	Туре	CAN	Сору	Trig
4	-407.4µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0	Ĩ	Source	CH1	СН2 СН3	CH4
5	-271.4µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0			2.00014		94
6	-134.5µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0		hreshold	3.800V		50%
7	1.400µs	AA556AB	8	89 78 67 5	56 45 22 23	12 6A	4A 0	Sam	ple Point	50.0%		
4 Path	Internal	External	Name	2024101213	5757	.csv	Export		Туре	CAN_L  •		
									Baud	Common	Custom	)
-										1Mbps		
-										UEVL		
CH1	10.00X CH2	10.00X CH3	10.00X			Acquire	CAN	1	_ <b>-</b> + ]			<b>^</b>
10.00V 0.00div				1.000V <del></del> ·2.00div		5MSa/s 10k	CAN_ 1 Mbp					Î

- In the Path option, select the storage path as Internal or External; click
   Name Input Box can edit the filename or save the waveform with the system default filename, the file format is csv; click Export, can save the file.
- Click Label, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.
   You can select Common or Custom as the label type.

# RS232/UART Decode

To perform decode RS232/UART signal, follow these steps:

(1) Connect the RS232/UART signal to the Signal Input Channel of the

oscilloscope.

- (2) Adjust to the proper time base and voltage division.
- (3) In trigger menu, select trigger type as RS232/UART, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal, trigger the signal correctly and obtain stable display. Refer to "RS232/UART Trigger" on P61.
- (4) After the signal is stabilized and triggered, click **Decode** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the

screen **1** Select the type as RS232/UART, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal. When the parameters are set correctly, the information carried by the signal will be displayed.

### Note:

 When decoding, if "Parity" is not set to "None", and the check bit error is detected, P marks will be displayed in the corresponding position in the waveform.

The descriptions of **RS232/UART** decode setting window are as shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
	RS232/UART	Set the decode type as RS232/UART.
	Copy Trig	Quickly apply the trigger settings to the settings
Туре		of the corresponding type of decoding
Type		function.Click the key to quickly apply the
		settings of this instrument trigger function to the
		current corresponding type of decoding function.
	CH1	
Source	CH2	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as the decode
Course	CH3	signal source.
	CH4	
		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
		knob to set the lower threshold;
Threshold	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
		level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
		amplitude.
Delority	лл	Select positive polarity for data transmission.
Polarity	W	Select reverse polarity for data transmission.

		Click Numeric Display Day and turn Concerd
	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the commonly-used baud rate.
Baud	Custom	Click Numeric Display Box to input the baud rate to be set and click unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the baud rate, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The baud rate ranges from 50 to 10,000,000.
		<b>Note:</b> You can select the nearest value in Common Baud, and then adjust it in this menu.
Data Bits	5、6、7、8	Set the data width of each frame to match the signal. It can be set to 5, 6, 7 or 8.
Deviter	None,Odd,	Set the even-odd check mode to match the
Parity	Even	polarity used by the signal.
Stop Bit	1、1.5、2	Select 1,1.5 or 2 as the end of decoding sign.
	LSB	LSB: Least Significant Bit, that is, the data is
Endian	MSB	transmitted low first. MSB: Most Significant Bit, that is, the data is transmitted high first.
Format	HEX DECIMAL BINARY ASCII	Select the display format to decode.
Event		Click Switch, when the switch label is
Table		highlighted on the right, it is enabled.The decode list will display on the screen.
Table	Common Custom	Click <b>Label</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can select Common or Custom as the label type.

# I2C Decode

To perform decode I2C signal, follow these steps:

- Connect the clock line (SCLK) and the data line (SDA) of the I2C signal to the Signal Input Channels of the oscilloscope.
- (2) Adjust to the proper time base and voltage division.
- (3) In trigger menu, select trigger type as I2C, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal, trigger the signal correctly and obtain stable display. Refer to "I2C Trigger" on P63.

(4) After the signal is stabilized and triggered, click **Decode** in the analysis

module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen  $\widehat{\mathbf{m}}$  .

Select the type as I2C, set parameters based on the characteristics of

the signal. When the parameters are set correctly, the information

carried by the signal will be displayed.

#### Decoded information interpretation:

Information	Abbreviation
Read Address	R
Write Address	W

The descriptions of **I2C** decode setting window are as shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	I2C Copy Trig	Set the decode type as I2C. Quickly apply the trigger settings to the settings of the corresponding type of decoding function.Click the key to quickly apply the settings of this instrument trigger function to the current corresponding type of decoding function.
SCL	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as SCL.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
SDA	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as SDA.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Source	Exchange	Click <b>Exchange</b> , the sources of SCL and SDA can be exchanged.

R/W	With Without	When read and write bits are not included, they are added automatically depending on the function.
Format	HEX DECIMAL BINARY ASCII	Select the display format to decode.
Event Table		Click <b>Switch</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The decode list will display on the screen.
Table	Common Custom	Click <b>Label</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can select Common or Custom as the label type.

# **SPI Decode**

To perform decode SPI signal, follow these steps:

- Connect the clock line (SCLK) and the data line (SDA) of the SPI signal to the Signal Input Channels of the oscilloscope.
- (2) Adjust to the proper time base and voltage division.
- (3) In trigger menu, select trigger type as SPI, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal, trigger the signal correctly and obtain stable display. Refer to "SPI Trigger" P65.
- (4) After the signal is stabilized and triggered, click **Decode** in the analysis

module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen in .

Select the type as SPI, set parameters based on the characteristics of

the signal. When the parameters are set correctly, the information

carried by the signal will be displayed.

The descriptions of **SPI** decode setting window are as shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
	SPI	Set the decode type as SPI.
	Copy Trig	Quickly apply the trigger settings to the settings
Type		of the corresponding type of decoding
Туре		function.Click the key to quickly apply the
		settings of this instrument trigger function to the
		current corresponding type of decoding function.

\_\_\_\_

		<u> </u>	
		CLK	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as CLK.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn General
			knob to set the lower threshold;
		50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
	T		level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
	i		amplitude.
	m	MISO	
	е	/MOSI	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as MISO/MOSI.
	о		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
	u		knob to set the lower threshold;
	t	50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
			level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
			amplitude.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn General
		Timeout	knob to set the required timeout.
		CLK	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as CLK.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
			knob to set the lower threshold;
		50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
			level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
Mode			amplitude.
		MISO	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as MISO.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
			knob to set the lower threshold;
		50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
		0070	level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
			amplitude.
	С		Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as MOSI;or select
	S	MOSI	OFF to close MOSI.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
			knob to set the lower threshold;
		50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
		0070	level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal
			amplitude.
			Select CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 as CS;
		CS	or select High effective or Low effective as CS.
			Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b>
			knob to set the lower threshold;
		50%	Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger
		50%	
			level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Polarity		лл	Select positive polarity for data transmission.

	W	Select reverse polarity for data transmission.					
ClockEd eg	۲۰ ۲۰	Set the clock edge to rising edge or falling edge. The rising edge refers to acquire the data at the rising edge of the clock; the falling edge refers to acquire the data at the falling edge of the clock.					
Data Bits		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the data bit width.					
Endian	LSB MSB	LSB: Least Significant Bit, that is, the data is transmitted low first. MSB: Most Significant Bit, that is, the data is transmitted high first.					
Table	Common Custom	Click <b>Label</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can select Common or Custom as the label type.					
Format	HEX DECIMAL BINARY ASCII	Select the display format to decode.					
Event Table		Click <b>Switch</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The decode list will display on the screen.					
Table	Common Custom	Click <b>Label</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can select Common or Custom as the label type.					

### **CAN Decode**

To perform decode CAN signal, follow these steps:

- (1) Connect the CAN signal to the Signal Input Channel of the oscilloscope.
- (2) Adjust to the proper time base and voltage division.
- (3) In trigger menu, select trigger type as CAN, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal, trigger the signal correctly and obtain stable display. Refer to "CAN Trigger" P67.
- (4) After the signal is stabilized and triggered, click **Decode** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen .
   Select the type as CAN, set parameters based on the characteristics of

the signal. When the parameters are set correctly, the information

carried by the signal will be displayed.

Note:

• Error Frame, Remote Frame, and Overload Frame will be identified in

the "Data" column in the event table (Data Frame will not be identified).

The descriptions of **CAN** decode setting window are as shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	CAN Copy Trig	Set the decode type as CAN. Quickly apply the trigger settings to the settings of the corresponding type of decoding function.Click the key to quickly apply the settings of this instrument trigger function to the current corresponding type of decoding function.
Source	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as the decode signal source.
Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.
Sample Point		Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the sample point.
Туре		Select CAN_H, CAN_L, H_L, L_H, RX or TX as the frame type.
	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the commonly-used baud rate.
Baud	Custom	Click Numeric Display Box to input the baud rate to be set and click unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the baud rate, and click < > or press ← or → to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The baud rate ranges from 50 to 10,000,000. <b>Note:</b> You can select the nearest value in Common Baud, and then adjust it in this menu.

Format	HEX DECIMAL BINARY ASCII	Select the display format to decode.				
Event Table		Click <b>Switch</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The decode list will display on the screen.				
Table	Common Custom	Click <b>Label</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.You can select Common or Custom as the label type.				

## LIN Decode

To perform decode LIN signal, follow these steps:

- (1) Connect the LIN signal to the Signal Input Channel of the oscilloscope.
- (2) Adjust to the proper time base and voltage division.
- (3) In trigger menu, select trigger type as LIN, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal, trigger the signal correctly and obtain stable display. Refer to "LIN Trigger" P69.
- (4) After the signal is stabilized and triggered, click **Decode** in the analysis module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen . Select the type as LIN, set parameters based on the characteristics of the signal. When the parameters are set correctly, the information carried by the signal will be displayed.

Menu	Settings	Descriptions					
	LIN	Set the decode type as LIN.					
	Copy Trig	Quickly apply the trigger settings to the settings					
Tuno		of the corresponding type of decoding					
Туре		function.Click the key to quickly apply the					
		settings of this instrument trigger function to the					
		current corresponding type of decoding function.					
	CH1						
Source	CH2	Select CH1,CH2,CH3 or CH4 as the decode					
Source	CH3	signal source.					
	CH4						

The descriptions of **LIN** decode setting window are as shown in the table below:

Threshold	50%	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the lower threshold; Click <b>50%</b> and set the shortcut key of trigger level in the vertical midpoint of the trigger signal amplitude.			
	Common	Click Numeric Display Box and turn <b>General</b> knob to set the commonly-used baud rate.			
Baud	Custom	Click Numeric Display Box to input the baud rate to be set and click unit to confirm; or click Gear Input Box (- or +) or turn the <b>General</b> knob to set the baud rate, and click < > or press $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ to move the cursor and select the digit to be set. The baud rate ranges from 50 to 10,000,000.			
		<b>Note</b> :You can select the nearest value in Common Baud, and then adjust it in this menu.			
Parity Bit With Without		In the checkpoint* tab, click on the With or Without checkpoints in the configuration DATA.			
Version	1.X 2.X Both	In the version TAB, click to select the protocol version that matches the LIN bus signal as "1.X", "2.X" or "Both".			
Format	HEX DECIMAL BINARY ASCII	Select the display format to decode.			
Event Table		Click <b>Switch</b> , when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. The decode list will display on the screen.			
TableCommon CustomClick Label on the right, it is enabled. You can select Common or Custom as the label type.					

# How To Set Others Modulation

Others modulation including: Display, Save, Reference, Self-Calibration, ProbeCh., Network, About, Config, Hardware-Test.

## How To Set Display System

Click **Display** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom

right of the screen 📶 . The descriptions of **Display** setting window are as

shown in the table below:

Menu	Settings	Descriptions
Туре	Point Vector	Only display the acquisition points. Vector filling displays the space between adjacent acquisition points in the middle.
Persist	Close 1Second 2Seconds 5Seconds Infinity Clear	Select the time of duration. Note:Currently support CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, FFT, XY, DIR, waveform operation models. Erase previously collected results from the display. The oscilloscope will start cumulative
Wave Intensity		collection again. Slide adjusts the current wave intensity. Drag the slider to the right of Wave Intensity item to set waveform brightness. The adjustable range is 10% to 100%.
Color Grade		Open or close Color Grade function.
Low refresh rate		Open or close Low refresh rate.You can observe the waveform changing at a low refresh rate .
Grid	FULL GRID HALF NONE	<ul> <li>Select the current screen grid type.</li> <li>FULL: Indicates that the number of display grids on the screen is full. Open background grid, indicates that the number of display grids on the screen is full. Open background grid.</li> <li>GRID: Point grid, representing the display grid on the screen in addition to the grid where the scale line is located, every two adjacent scale lines between two small horizontal lines formed a line of points and lines.</li> <li>HALF: Semi-grid, indicating that the display grid on the screen closes part of the background grid, leaving only the main grid.</li> <li>NONE: No grid indicates that all background grids are closed on the screen.</li> </ul>
Grid Brightness		Slide adjusts the current grid brightness. Drag the slider to the right of Grid Brightness item to set grid brightness. The adjustable range is 0% to 100%.
Window		Slide adjusts the current window brightness.

Transparency	Drag	the	slider	to	the	right	of	Window
	Trans	paren	cy item	n to	set	windov	v br	ightness.
	The adjustable range is 0% to 100%.							

#### Afterglow:

When afterglow function is used, the afterglow display of image tube can be simulated. The color of the original data retained is gradually lightened and that of new data becomes brighter.

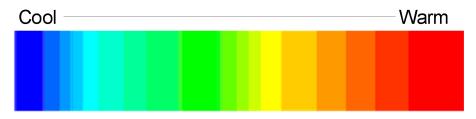
(1) Click **Display** in the others module in the main setting window at the

bottom right of the screen 🔞 .

- (2) Click **Type** to set it as **Point** or **Vector**.
- (3) Select the duration in the duration display box of the **Persist**, including **Close**, **1 Second**, **2 Seconds**, **5 Seconds** and **Infinity**. When the duration is **Infinity**, the recording point is maintained until the control value is changed. Select **Close** to close the afterglow and clear the display.
- (4) Select **Clear** in the menu to erase previously collected results from the display, and the oscilloscope will start cumulative collection again.

#### **Color Grade:**

The color temperature display function uses the color level to indicate the frequency of waveform occurrence. Warmer colors such as red/yellow indicate more frequent waveforms, while cooler colors such as blue/green indicate less frequent waveforms.



(1) Click **Display** in the others module in the main setting window at the

bottom right of the screen 面.

(2) Click **Color Grade** when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled, click again to close the Color Grade.

### How To Save And Print

Click **Save** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom right

of the screen in . Save oscilloscope waveform and picture, set to USB or internal memory by operating **Save** in the setting window; operate **Print** to print the image displayed on the oscilloscope screen.

The descriptions of **Save** setting window are as shown in the table below:

Menu	Sett	ings	Descriptions				
	Туре	Wave Image Set	Select the function menu required.				
	When the	type is <b>Wa</b> y	<b>ve</b> , the menu shows as following:				
	Path	Internal External	Select the save path.Save in internal or external USB storage.				
	Format	Csv Zip Matlab	Select the waveform save format.				
	Source CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4		Select the waveform to be saved, it is available to save CH1 and/or CH2 and/or CH3 and/or CH4 waveforms(When a channel is not open, it can not be saved).				
	Name		Save the wave by editing the file name or the system default file name.				
Save	Save		Save current waveform.				
Save	When the type is <b>Image</b> , the menu shows as following:						
	Path	Internal External	Select the save path.Save in internal or external USB storage.				
	Browse		Click to open the browse screen to save the picture.				
	Format Jpg Tif		Select the save format of current screen picture.				
	Inverse		Enable or disable picture save background; when the color inverse is enabled, use the white background to save the picture.				
	Time		Open or close the time for printing images. When enabled, the printed image will display the specific printing time of the image in the lower right corner of the image.				

	Name		Save the image by editing the file name or the system default file name.
	Save		Save current waveform.
		type is <b>Set</b> ,	the menu shows as following:
		User0	
	Set	-	Set storage location.
		User9	
	Save		Save the current parameter settings of the oscilloscope to the internal memory.
	Load		Calls the settings saved at the current storage location.
	Rename		Rename the currently saved parameter. Click on the Rename Input Box and enter the string directly through the alphabet keyboard that pops up.
	Inverse		Open or close the save background for the printed image. When inverting color is opening, the image will be printed with a white background.
Drint	Time		Open or close the time for printing images. When enabled, the printed image will display the specific printing time of the image in the lower right corner of the image.
Print	Area	Full Screen Wavefor m Area	Sets the type to print the current screen image. Full Screen:Print the full screen image of the oscilloscope; Waveform Area:Print an image of the waveform area on the oscilloscope screen.
	Help		Click and go to the official website to obtain the printer installation package.
	Print		Click and select printer for image printing.

## How To Print Screen Images

To print the image displayed on the instrument screen, follow the steps below:

1、Click **Save** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom

right of the screen <u>m</u>. Start print operation, as shown in the following picture.



2. In official website install print app, steps as shown in Figure 1 to Figure 5.

①Click **Download** to download installation package, as shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1

②Click **Open** to installation package, as shown in Figure 2.

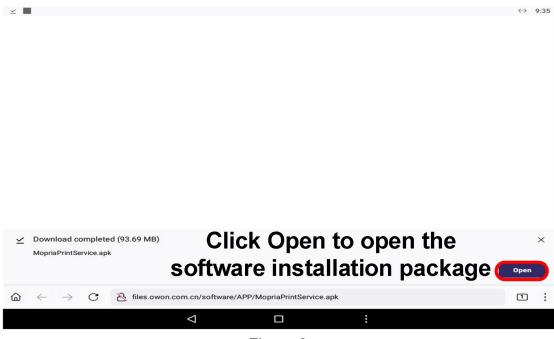


Figure 2

③Click **INSTALL**,start to install print app, as shown in Figure 3.

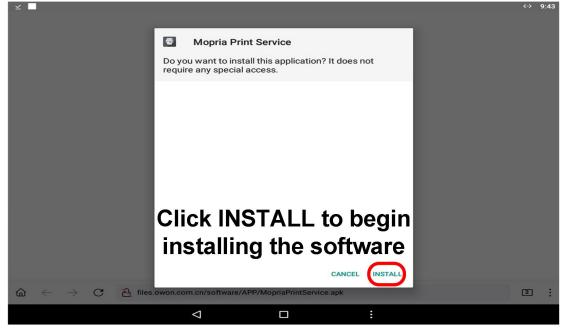


Figure 3

④Software install produce, as shown in Figure 4.

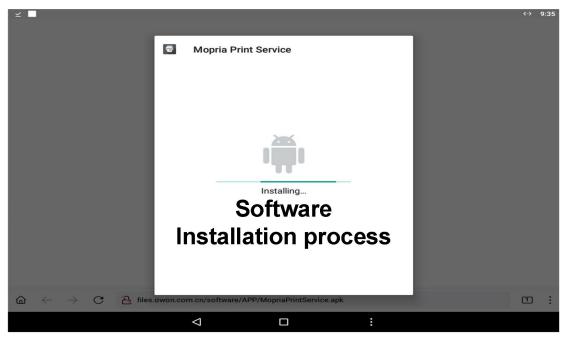


Figure 4

⑤After install success, click open can open print app. As shown in Figure 5.

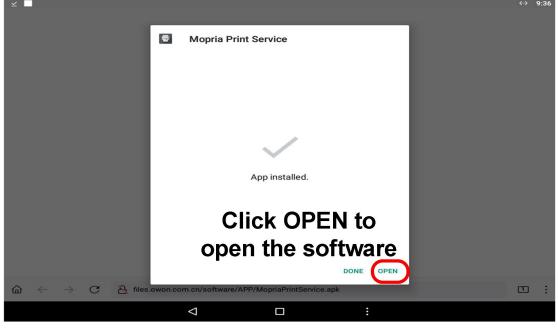


Figure 5

3、Open the installed printing software, as shown in Figure 6. Go to the last page and check **"Agree"** license agreement and privacy policy. Click **"I agree"** to start using the software, as shown in Figure 7.

9 ■ ∠ ∠ ∠ Getting Started			↔ 🗣 4:31
Use this app to learn how to print fro	m your other apps, find nearby printe	rs and get help with the Mopria P	rint Service.
	Developed b Mopria Allia		
	brother at your side	Canon	efi
Adobe			
EPSON <sup>®</sup> EXCEED YOUR VISION	FUJIFILM	(III)	
KYOCERa	💽 Lexmark	Hicrosoft	Open up your dreams
	• • • •		
		ŧ	
	Figure	6	
0 ■ < < <			«» 😱 4:32
Getting Started			
mopria Terms & Conditi	ons		
	ept the following agreements and	l sottings:	
	ept the following agreements and	i settings.	
License Agreement			
<ul> <li><u>Privacy Policy</u></li> <li><u>Collection of anonym</u></li> </ul>	nous Mopria data (optional)		
		I DO	NOT AGREE
	0 0 0 0	•	
	< □	÷	
	Figure	7	

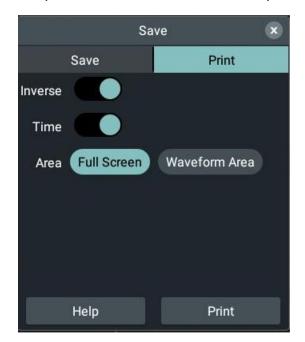
Figure 7

4、 After entering the printing software interface, click **"Enable Wi-Fi to see nearby printers"** to connect the printer's Wi-Fi, as shown in Figure 8. The Wi-Fi connection is successful, as shown in Figure 9.

■ 0 ⊻						↔ 4:11
mopria Print Service						:
	PRINTERS				HOW TO	
Enable <u>Wi-Fi</u> to see nearby	y printers.					
		1	_			
		$\bigtriangledown$		:		
			Figure 8			
■ ● ⊻						↔ 😱 4:13
moprin Print Service						Q :
2.40	PRINTERS				HOW TO	
Wi-Fi	FRINTERS				HOW TO	
Brother MFC-J2330DW						~
192.168.0.38						Ū
EPSON L4160 Series						0
172.16.10.1						Û
Wi-Fi Direct 🏾 🌑						
No printers available						
						+
		1	_			
		$\bigtriangledown$		:		

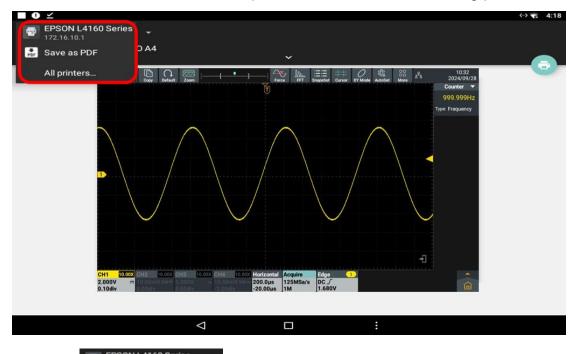


5. In the menu below, set the printing parameters. Click to open **Inverse**, the image will be printed with a white background. Click to open Time, the image will display specific printing time of the image. Select printing area: **Full**Screen or Waveform Area. After setting the parameters, click "Print" to enter

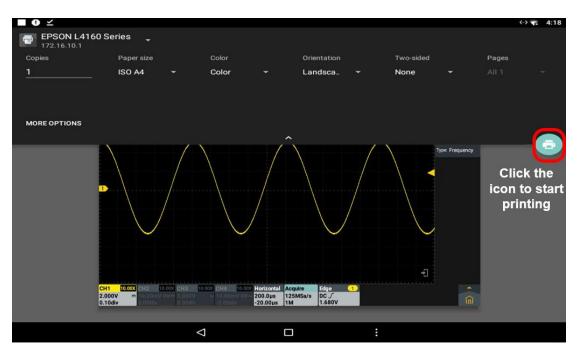


the print interface, as shown in the picture below.

6、Connect the instrument to the printer, as shown in the following picture.



7、Click **EPSON L4160 Series** can set the parameter including: Copies, Paper Size, Color, Orientation, Two-sided and Pages. After setting, click the print icon to print the image, as shown below.



#### Note:

- Image printing can only be printed over a network connection, USB connection is not valid.
- When printing, turn off borderless printing in More options.
- If WIFI and network cable are connected at the same time, the printer may not be found, do not connect at the same time.

#### **USB Flash Drive Requirements**

System-supported USB flash drive format: The file system type is FAT32 and the size of the allocation unit can not exceed 4K. Large-capacity USB flash drive is supported. If the USB flash drive can not be used normally, format it according to the above requirements and try again. There are two ways to format a USB flash drive, namely format by using built-in function of computer system and formatting software (USB flash drive not less than 8G can only be formatted by the second method).

#### Use system-provided function to format the USB disk

- 1. Connect the USB disk to the computer.
- Right click Computer- → Manage to enter Computer Management interface.

3. Click Disk Management menu, and information about the USB disk will display on the right side with red mark 1 and 2.

E Computer Management							- 0	×
File Action View Help								
듣 🔿   🖄 📰 🔛 🗩 🕻	🗙 🕑 📑 🍺 🗉	]						
Normeter Management (Local	Volume	Layout Ty	pe   File System	Status			Actions	
V 💦 System Tools	📟 (Disk 0 partition				FI System Partition)		Disk Management	
> 🕑 Task Scheduler > 🔣 Event Viewer 1 ——	(Disk 0 partition KINGSTON (G:)				ecovery Partition)	<b>-</b>	More Actions	
> 👔 Shared Folders	二数据(E:)	Simple Ba	and the second		asic Data Partition)	-		
> A Local Users and Groups	━ 系统 (C:)	Simple Ba				mp, Basic Data Partition)		
> N Performance	= 软件 (D:)	Simple Ba	sic NTFS	Healthy (B	asic Data Partition)			
🗄 Device Manager								
<ul> <li>Storage</li> </ul>								
📅 Disk Management								
Services and Applications								
<b>↑</b>								
Click "Disk								
Management"								
		1		2				
	- Disk 0							
	Basic 931.32 GB		ē (C:)		软件 (D:)	数据 (E:)		
	Online		2 GB NTFS thy (Boot, Page	692 MB Healthy (	400.00 GB NTFS Healthy (Basic Data F	331.12 GB NTFS Healthy (Basic Data P		
			thy (boot, rage	Treatiny (	riedicity (Dasic Data P	ricality (basic bata P		
		<u>                                     </u>			1			
	= Disk 1							
	Removable	KINGSTON (						
	28.87 GB Online	28.87 GB FAT3	2 e, Primary Partit					
2	onnie	Healthy (Activ	e, Primary Partit	ion)				
-		1						
	Unallocated	Primary partitio	n					
		· · ··································					1	

Figure 5-9: Disk Management of computer

4. Right click 1 or 2 red mark area, choose **Format**. And system will pop up a warning message, click **Yes**.

Open Explore		
Mark Partition as Active Change Drive Letter and Paths Format Format		
Extend Volume		
Shrink Volume	Disk Management	
Add Mirror		
Delete Volume	This is the active partition on this disk. All data on the partition will be lost. Are you sure you want to format this partition?	
Properties	porticion	
Help	Yes No	

Figure 5-10: Format the USB disk warning

 Set File System as FAT32, Allocation unit size Default. Check "Perform a quick format" to execute a quick format. Click OK, and then click Yes on the warning message.

Format G:	×
Volume label:	KINGSTON
File system:	FAT32 V
Allocation unit	Default 🗸
Perform a quick Enable file and	format folder compression
	OK Cancel

Figure 5-11: Formatting the USB disk setting

#### 6. Formatting process.

Computer Management (Local				Actions					
<ul> <li>System Tools</li> <li>Task Scheduler</li> <li>Task Scheduler</li> <li>Task Scheduler</li> <li>Shared Folders</li> <li>Shared Folders</li> <li>Performance</li> <li>Device Manager</li> <li>Storage</li> <li>Services and Applications</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(G:)</li> <li>(Disk 0 partition 1)</li> </ul>	Simple Simple			Formattin	g : (1%) FI System Partition)		Disk Management	
	= (Disk 0 partition 4) = 数据 (E:) = 系统 (C:) = 软件 (D:)	Simple Simple Simple Simple	Basic Basic	NTFS	Healthy (Recovery Partition) Healthy (Basic Data Partition) Healthy (Bost, Page File, Crash Dump, Basic Data Partition) Healthy (Basic Data Partition)			More Actions	
		00 ME	<b>系统 (0</b> 199.32 G Healthy		692 MB Healthy (	<b>软件 (D:)</b> 400.00 GB NTFS Healthy (Basic Data F	<b>数据 (E:)</b> 331.12 GB NTFS Healthy (Basic Data P		
	28.87 GB 2	<b>(G:)</b> 8.87 GB ormattin	g : (1%)						

Figure 5-12:Formatting the USB disk

 Check whether the USB disk is FAT32 with allocation unit size 4096 after formatting.

### **Use Minitool Partition Wizard to format**

Download URL: http://www.partitionwizard.com/free-partition-manager.html

**Tip:** There are many tools for the USB disk formatting on the market, just take Minitool Partition Wizard for example here.

- 1. Connect the USB disk to the computer.
- 2. Open the software Minitool Partition Wizard.
- 3. Enter the app interface and information about the USB disk will display on the right side with red mark 1 and 2.

MiniTool Partition Wizard Free 12.8										. 🗆
■ ■	2	•	<b>2</b>					7		2
a Backup Data Recovery Parti								Bootable Media	Manual	
Partition Management										
Wizard	^ G	Partition	Capacity	Used	Unused	File System	Туре		Status	
Migrate OS to SSD/HD Wizard		Disk 1 (KINGS	TON SNV2S1000G, GPT, 931	1.51 GB)						
Copy Partition Wizard		•	200.00 MB	32.16 MB	167.84 MB	FAT32	GPT (EFI Syste	m partition)	Active & S	ystem
Copy Disk Wizard		*	200.00 MB	200.00 MB	0 B	Other	GPT (Reserved	d Partition)	None	
Partition Recovery Wizard		C:系统	199.32 GB	82.32 GB	117.00 GB	NTFS	GPT (Data Par	tition)	Boot	
Partition Management		•:	692.00 MB	620.82 MB	71.18 MB	NTFS	GPT (Recovery	Partition)	None	
Delete Partition		D:软件	400.00 GB	22.88 GB	377.12 GB	NTFS	GPT (Data Par	tition)	None	
Format Partition		E:数据	331.12 GB	103.50 GB	227.62 GB	NTFS	GPT (Data Par	tition)	None	
		Disk 2 (Kingste	on DataTraveler 3.0 USB, Re	movable MBR	28.87 (FR)					
Change Drive Letter	ШE									
Change Partition Type ID	1-	G:	28.87 GB	28.87 GB	0 B	Unformatted	Primary		Active	
☆ Set Inactive										
Check Partition ^										
Surface Test										
Partition Properties	*									
Operations Pending										
		Disk 1		_				-		
	-	GPT (FAT32		(NTFS)		):软件(NTFS)		E:數据(NTFS)		
		931.51 GB 200 N	IB (Usi 200 MB 199.3	GB (Used: 41%)	692 MB (Us) 4	400.0 GB (Used: 5%)		331.1 GB (Used:	31%)	
2	→ <u></u>	Disk 2								
	-	MBR G:(Unf 28.87 GB 28.9 G	ormatted)							
🗸 Apply 🗠 Undo		20.9 0								_

Figure 5-13:Reload Disk

4. Right click 1 or 2 red mark area, choose Format.

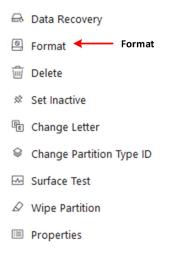


Figure 5-14: Choose format

5. Set File System FAT32, Cluster size Default. Click OK.

#### 5.Use the Oscilloscope

0	Formating the part	ition will destroy the d	ata on the pa	artition
	Partition Label:	KINGSTON		
	File System:	FAT32	-	
	Cluster Size:	Default	-	

Figure 5-15:Format setting

6. Click **Apply** at the top left of the menu. Then click **Yes** on the pop-up warning to begin formatting.

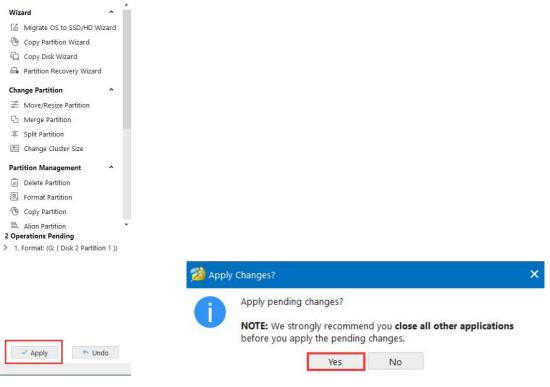


Figure 5-16: Apply setting

7. Formatting process.



Figure 5-17:Format process

8. Format the USB disk successfully.

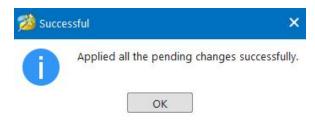
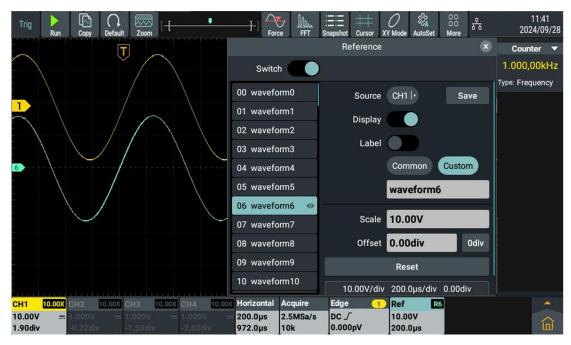


Figure 5-18: Format successfully

### How To Set Reference Waveform

100 reference waveforms can be stored in the instrument, which can be displayed with current waveform simultaneously. The stored waveform can not be adjusted after being called.

The setting window of the reference waveform is shown as follows:



To store CH1 channel waveform to waveform0, operate according to the following steps:

- 1. Open CH1 channel.
- Click **Reference** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen
- The setting window will display on the screen.Click Switch when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled.
- 4. Click 06 waveform6 from the reference waveform list.
- 5. Click **CH1** in the **Source** to highlight it.
- Click Save and the waveform is saved in the internal memory of the oscilloscope. It is available to customize the waveform name or save it as the waveform6 by default.
- 7. Click **Display** can display or close the selected reference waveform. When the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. There is a label behind the name of reference waveform selected from the reference waveform list, the selected reference waveform is displayed on the screen and the waveform name and relevant information are displayed at the lower right corner of the reference waveform Information Box.

When the display switch is closed, the selected likely label disappears and the reference waveform displayed on the screen will be hidden accordingly.

- 8. Click Label to select a common type or a Custom type. When you select a common type, you can select 31 types of labels. When you select a Custom type, you can click the input box below to enter the required labels. This function is synchronized to rename the reference waveform name.
- Click on the value input box of the Scale to set the desired value of the stored waveform voltage.
- Click on the value input box for **Offset** to set the desired vertical position of the memory waveform, click **Odiv** can quickly return zero.
- 11. Click **Reset** to reset the voltage scale and vertical position of the reference waveform to the scale and position displayed in the information box.
- 12. **Reference Waveform information box:** Display the selected reference waveform.

**Note:** The reference waveform can currently save the waveform in CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, Math, FFT mode.

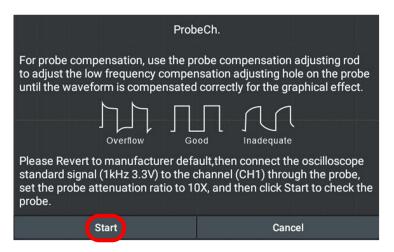
### How To Conduct Self-Calibration

Self-Calibration operation please refer to "How To Conduct Self-Calibration" on Page 17 for detail.

### How To Conduct Probe Check

Click **ProbeCh.** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen in . The "Probe Check" prompt box will pop up on the

screen.Click Start to perform the probe check.



After completing the probe check, the check results are displayed on the

screen and click Quit. If the result is undercompensation or

overcompensation, please refer to "How to Implement the Probe

Compensation" on Page 14 for specific operations.



### How To Set Network

Conduct the network settings by using LAN interface or WIFI module.

- If the LAN interface is used, directly insert the network cable into the LAN interface on the back of the instrument to complete the network connection
- If the WIFI module is used to connect the network, insert the external WiFi module, press the Home key in the Android system area on the front panel, click Setting to enter the setting interface, then click WLAN switch to enable it, and the network will be connected automatically. If it is the first time to connect to WiFi, click it gain to select the WiFi account, then click the account and enter the WiFi password to connect the network.

Ne	twork	N	etwork
LAN		LAN	
IP address Subnet mask Gateway Phy address	192.168.0.194 255.255.252.0 192.168.1.254 F6:25:30:06:C1:6B	۵,	lo Connection
WIFI		WIFI	
A No	Connection	IP address Subnet mask Gateway Phy address	192.168.0.196 255.255.252.0 192.168.1.254 00:13:EF:F7:59:49





- Click Network in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen .
- Click mDNS when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enable.
   LXI software can be used for network discovery services; If this function is disabled, it cannot be used.

**Note:** After this function is enabled, users can use network services without entering an IP address (For details, please go to the official website to obtain the "ADS Android Application Manual".). At the same time, users can also integrate mDNS search function through their own secondary development

software to query the instrument.

- Please download your own software with mDNS lookup function. Now the LXI Discovery Tool software is taken as an example to explain, and the detailed operation is as follows:
- (1) Open LXI app, enter the app interface, as shown in the following picture.

		Discovery Tool
N eXtensions for	or Instrumentation	Search
<sup>D</sup> Address	Instrument Description	

(2) Click on the Settings in the top left corner and select "Advance Views" as

shown below.

LXI Discovery Too	bl	- 0
	ice View It View	Discovery Tool
AN eXtensions fo	or Instrumentation	Search
IP Address	Instrument Description	n

(3) Enter "Advance Settings Views" interface, as shown below.

e Settings		Discovery Tool	Advance Settings Vi	ew
N eXtensions fe	or Instrumentation	Search Q		rou broadcast over a specific choose from the following LAN
<sup>D</sup> Address	Instrument Description		Broadcast over all ada	pters ~
				ool uses VXI-11 and mDNS find LXI across the network.
			🛛 VXI-11	mDNS
			mDNS ServiceType:	_lxitep ~

(4) Under the "Advance Settings Views" interface, select mDNS, mDNS Service Type select "\_http.\_tcp", as shown below.

le Settings		Discovery Tool	Advance Settings Vie	3 <b>W</b>
N eXtensions fo	or Instrumentation	Search Q		ou broadcast over a specific choose from the following LAN
P Address	Instrument Description		Broadcast over all ada	pters v
				ool uses VXI-11 and mDNS find LXI across the network.
			VXI-11	mDNS
			mDNS ServiceType:	_httptcp ~

(5) After setting, click Search, available devices can be searched, and the IP address of the device and the corresponding instrument description are displayed, as shown below.

VI LXI Discovery To	loc		- 🗆 >
File Settings	LXI Disc	covery Tool	Advance Settings View
LAN eXtensions fo	r Instrumentation	Search 🔍	This setting will help you broadcast over a specific LAN adapter. Please choose from the following LAN adapter(s):
IP Address	Instrument Description		
192.168.0.242	DESKTOP-UH41HN4 Web-based Configuration		Broadcast over all adapters $\sim$
192. 168. 1. 132	DESKTOP-7TNE5A2 Web-based Confi	guration	
192. 168. 1. 214	ESXI214		
192.168.1.223	backup		
192.168.1.215	dsm		
192. 168. 0. 113	OWON Oscilloscope		This LXI Discovery Tool uses VXI-11 and mDNS discovery protocol to find LXI across the network.
			□ VXI-11
٢		>	mDNS Service Type: _httptop v
Guides for using 1	IX	Open Web Page	

(6) Select your own instrument, click the corresponding instrument description or click "Open Web Page" in the lower right corner to jump to the network service login interface, as shown below.

1	– 🗆 X
LXI Discovery Tool	Advance Settings View
nstrumentation Search Q	This setting will help you broadcast over a specific LAN adapter. Please choose from the following LAN adapter(s):
Instrument Description	
DESKTOP-UH41HN4 Web-based Configuration	Broadcast over all adapters $\sim$
DESKTOP-7TNE5A2 Web-based Configuration	
ESXI214	
backup	
dsm	
OWON Oscilloscope	This LXI Discovery Tool uses VXI-11 and mDNS discovery protocol to find LXI across the network.
	□ VXI-11     mDNS
>	mDNS ServiceType: _http:_top ~
	Instrumentation

#### Default

Restore the factory settings. Click **Default** shortcut in the left corner of screen and click **Confirm** in the factory settings window, to restore the factory default state; click **Cancel** if it is not needed.

### About

It is composed of About the Application and About the Instrument. The former is to display the latest **version** of the instrument; and the latter is to show the instrument **Product Model**, **Serial Number**, **System Version** and **CheckSum**.

## Configuration

Click **Config** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom

right of the screen in .Set up other auxiliary system functions in the

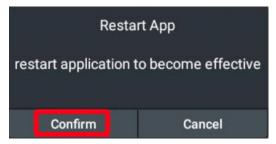
instrument.

#### Set Language

Language			
Language	English	ŀ	
SyncSystem			
* Please restart the current con	the application figuration effort	on to make ective	

It is mainly used to set the language and choose whether to synchronize with the system.

Click on the right side of the language
 English I to switch languages. In the process of switching languages, you need to click Confirm to restart the application for the configuration to take effect.



 If you click SyncSystem, when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enable, and the language is consistent with the system; If not enabled, the language is the language you set.

#### Set SyncOutput

SyncOutput			
SyncOutput	Trigger	PassFail	

Synchronous output is generally used to synchronize trigger signals or measurement results with other devices or systems for more accurate and comprehensive measurement, analysis, and control. The output types of the synchronous output of this instrument are trigger output and pass/fail, which can help the user better control and analyze the trigger and validity of the measurement process.

- Trigger: The synchronous output trigger signal, that is, the trigger output in the synchronous output allows the instrument to output its internal trigger signal to other devices to control it to start measuring or recording operations;
- **PassFail:** Detects and determines whether the input signal passes the predefined upper and lower limits.

#### Set Display Format



It is mainly used to set the display format of all the values in the instrument.

- Click The Decimal Symbol to display the decimal symbol as a Point or Comma;
- Click Thousand Separator to set a Comma (Point, subject to decimal symbol) or a Space between thousand separators.

**Note:** If the symbol type is different from the current instrument, a prompt box "**restart application to become effective**" will be popped up. Click **Confirm** to restart the application to make the configuration effective.

#### Foundation Setting

Setup		
Window time	Close  •	
Beeper		
Operating lock		

**Window time:** Set window display time, the value can be set Close, 5s, 10s, 15s, 20s, 25s, 30s. When the set time is up, the setting window will automatically close.

**Beeper:** Click **Beeper** when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. After opening, there will be sound prompts for still and click operations or panel operations.

**Operating lock:** Click **Operating lock** when the switch label is highlighted on the right, it is enabled. After opening, the touch setting and panel operation are disable, you need to press the Run/Stop button three times to unlock.

### Hardware-Test

Click **Hardware-Test** in the others module in the main setting window at the bottom right of the screen in .The function is mainly for the self-inspection of the instrument, including screen detection and key detection, which is used to detect if there is any bright spots or bad spots on the screen, and if there is any wrong key, missing key or reversed key on the instrument.

# How To Use Execution Keys

The execution keys include Run/Stop, AutoSet and Single.

#### Automatic Setting:

Set various control values automatically to generate the display waveforms suitable for observation. Press **AutoSet** key and the oscilloscope will quickly detect the signal automatically.

The Function Items for Automatic Settings are shown in the table below:

Function Item	Settings
Vertical Coupling	DC(channel coupling remains closed)
Channel switch	Signal open or close (channel switch
Vertical Casta	remains closed)
Vertical Scale	Adjust to the proper scale
Channel Bandwidth	Current
Horizontal Position	Center or two squares to left or right
Horizontal Scale	Adjust to the proper scale
Trigger Type	Edge
Trigger Signal Source	CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4
Trigger Coupling	DC
Trigger Slope	Current
Trigger Level	At 50% of waveform
Trigger Mode	Auto
Display Mode	YT
Math	Off
FFT	Off
Waveform	Exit
Amplification	
Pass fail	Off

#### Autoset judge waveforms type

There are four types:Sine wave or Ramp wave, Square wave or Pulse wave,

DC level、 unknown source.

The waveform type prompt is displayed on the screen, and the corresponding bottom menu is displayed.

#### Menu display:

Sine wave or Ramp wave: signal period, multi periods, cancel autoset, auxiliary menu set.



Square wave or Pulse wave: signal period, multi periods, rising edge, falling edge, cancel autoset, auxiliary menu set.



DC level: cancel autoset, auxiliary menu set.

Unknown source: cancel autoset, auxiliary menu set.



#### Partial description of nouns:

Signal period:Display 1~2 waveform periods.

Multi periods:Display multiple waveform periods.

Rising edge:Separate shows a rising edge of square wave.

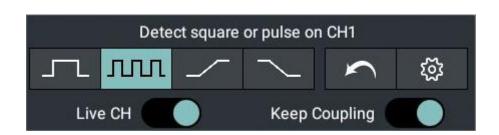
Falling edge:Separate shows a falling edge of square wave.

Cancel autoset:Returns information about the last menu and signal.

**Auxiliary menu set:** Click to enter the auxiliary menu system, including channel switch hold and channel coupling hold.

- Channel switch hold: Select open or close channel switch hold function. If open channel switch hold, perform autoset will detect four analog channels CH1, CH2, CH3 or CH4. If doesn't detect channel source, it will close the channel; if detect channel source, it will adjust the best scale to display. If open channel switch hold, no signal channels are closed and perform autoset operation only detect opening channel.
- Channel coupling hold: Select open or close channel coupling hold function. If open channel coupling hold function, perform autoset operation, channel coupling setting remain unchanged; if close channel coupling hold function, channel coupling default is DC coupling.

#### 5.Use the Oscilloscope



**Note:** If the automatic waveform setting is applied, the frequency and amplitude of the measured signal shall not be less than 20Hz and 5mv, respectively. If the condition is not met, the automatic waveform setting may be invalid.

Run/Stop: Run and Stop the waveform acquisition.

Note: In the stop state, the vertical gear and horizontal time base of the waveform can be adjusted within a certain range, equivalent to extend the signal in the horizontal or vertical direction. When the horizontal time base is 50ms or less, the horizontal time base can be extended down to 4 scale.
Single: Press this key to directly set the trigger mode as single, which is to acquire a waveform when one trigger is detected and then stop acquisition.

# **6.**Technical Specifications

Unless otherwise stated, all technical specifications apply to digital oscilloscope with the attenuation switch of the probe set to 10X.

- The instrument must be operated continuously for more than thirty minutes under the specified operating temperature.
- If the operating temperature range changes not less than 5℃, it is required to open the system function menu and execute "Self-calibration" program (See "How to conduct self-calibration" in Page 17).

All specifications are guaranteed except those marked with "Typical".

# Oscilloscope

### **Vertical System**

### **Analog Channel**

Characteristics	Instruction		
Input Coupling	DC, AC, C	Ground	
Input Impedance	1 MΩ±2%	, parallel with 20 pF±5 pF, 50 $^{\Omega}$ ± 2%	
Probe attenuation coefficient setting	2.00X,5.00X,10.00X,20.00X,50.00X, 100.00X,200.00X,500.00X,1.00kX,2.00kX, 5.00kX,10.00kX,20.00kX, 50.00kX		
Maximum Input Voltage	, <b>, , , ,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Vertical Resolution	8 bits		
Vertical Sensitivity	500 μV/div~10 V/div <sup>[1]</sup>		
Displacement	±2 V (500μV/div − 50 mV/div) ±20 V (100 mV/div − 500 mV/div) ±200 V (1 V/div − 10 V/div)		
Analog bandwidth	ADS3102/ADS3104 100 MHz ADS3202/ADS3204 200 MHz		

	ADS3352/ADS3354	350 MHz	
	ADS3502/ADS3504	500 MHz	
Single bandwidth	Full bandwidth		
Low Frequency (AC coupling, -3dB)	$\geqslant$ 10 Hz (at BNC )		
	ADS3102/ADS3104	l ≤3.5 ns	
Rising Time(at	ADS3202/ADS3204	≤1.75 ns	
BNC, typical)	ADS3352/ADS3354	l ≤1 ns	
	ADS3502/ADS3504	l≪0.7 ns	
DC Coin Acouroov	≤1 mV	4%	
DC Gain Accuracy	≥2 mV	3%	
DC accuracy (average)	Delta Volts between any two averages of $\geq$ 16 waveforms acquired with the same scope setup and ambient conditions ( $\triangle$ V): ±(3% rdg + 0.05 div)		
Channel-channel	50 Hz: 100:1		
isolation	10 MHz: 40:1		
Time delay			
between	150 ps		
channel(typical)			
Waveform inverted	Support		

#### **Description:**

[1]: 500  $\mu$ V/div is a digital magnification of 1mV/div.

# **Digital Channel**

Characteristics	Instruction		
	ADS3102/ADS3202	Dual channel	
Channel	ADS3352/ADS3502	Duarchanner	
	ADS3104/ADS3204	Four channel	
	ADS3354/ADS3504		
Bandwidth limit	20 MHz,full bandwidth		

# **Horizontal System**

# Analog Channel

Characteristics		Instruction	
Scanning (s/div)	speed	2 ns/div - 1000s/div, step by 1-2-5	
Time accuracy	base	±1 ppm (typical value, ambient temperature: +25 $^\circ \!\!\!\!\!\mathrm{C}$ )	

Timeinterval $(\triangle T)$ measurementaccuracy(DC $\sim$ 100MHz)	Single: ±(1 interval time+ time base accuracy ×reading+0.6 ns); Average>16: ±(1 interval time + time base accuracy ×reading+0.4 ns)
Sampling rate range	0.05 Sa/s $\sim$ 2.5 GSa/s
Maximum Storage Depth	100M

### **Acquire System**

Characteristics	Instruction			
Acquire mode	Sample,Peak	Sample,Peak,High Res,Average		
Maximum	ADS3102 ADS3202 ADS3352 ADS3502 ADS3104 ADS3204 ADS3354 ADS3504	Dual Single Single	1.25 GSa/s 2.5 GSa/s	
real-time acquire		Four Single,Dual Single <sup>[1]</sup>	1.25 GSa/s	
		Dual Single <sup>[2]</sup>	1.25 GSa/s	
		Single	2.5 GSa/s	
Waveform capture rate	500,000 wfms/s			
Record length	1k,10k,100k,1M,10M,100M Note: The record length is dynamic, changing with the acquire mode.			
Interpolation	Auto, Sinx/x, x			

#### **Description:**

[1]:Limited to four-channel models, the maximum real-time sampling rate of dual channels must be one of the following conditions: CH1 and CH2 are both on, or CH3 and CH4 are both on.

[2]:Limited to four-channel models, the maximum real-time sampling rate of two channels should meet one of the following conditions: only one channel of CH1 and CH2 can be turned on, and only one channel of CH3 and CH4 can be turned on.

# Trigger

# Trigger System

Characteristics		Instruction	
Trigger source	CH1,CH2,CH3,CH4		
Trigger mode	Auto,Normal,Sing	le	
Trigger type	Edge trigger、Video trigger、Pulse trigger、Slope trigger、 Runt trigger、Windows trigger、Timeout trigger、Nth trigger、Logic trigger、RS232/UART trigger、I2C trigger、 SPI trigger、CAN trigger、LIN trigger		
50% level setting (typical)	Input signal frequency ≥ 50 Hz		
Trigger displacement	According to Record length and time base		
Holdoff range	100 ns to 10s		
Trigger bandwidth	Internal trigger: Oscilloscope analog bandwidth		
Trigger sensitivity	0.3 div ~ 10 div		
	Internal	$\pm 5$ div from the center of the screen	
Trigger level range	EXT	$\pm 2V$	
	EXT/5 ±10V		
Trigger level Accuracy (typical)	Internal ±0.3div		
the source is adapted to rising	EXT	$\pm$ (10 mV+6% Set value)	
and falling time ≥20ns	EXT/5	$\pm$ (50 mV +6% Set value)	

# Trigger Type

Characteristics	Instruction		
Edge	Couple	DC, AC, HF	
Trigger	Slope	Rising, Falling	
	Modulation	Support standard NTSC, PAL and	
Video Trigger		SECAM broadcast systems	
video mggei	Line number	1-525 (NTSC) and 1-625	
	range	(PAL/SECAM)	
Pulse Trigger	Trigger condition	Positive pulse:>, $<$ , =	
		Negative pulse:>, $<$ , =	

	Pulse Width range	30 ns to 10 s
Slope Trigger	Trigger condition	Positive pulse:>, <, = Negative pulse:>, <, =
	Time setting	30 ns to 10 s
Runt Trigger	Trigger condition	Positive pulse:>, <, = Negative pulse:>, <, =
	Time setting	30 ns to 10 s
Windows Trigger	Trigger condition	Positive pulse: superamplitude entry, superamplitude exit, and superamplitude timeNegative pulse: superamplitude entry, superamplitude exit, and superamplitude time
	Time setting	30 ns ~ 10 s
Timeout	Slope	Rising, Falling
Trigger	Idle Time	30 ns ~ 10 s
The Nth Edge	Slope	Rising, Falling
Trigger	Idle Time	30 ns ~ 10 s
	Edge Number	1 ~ 128
	Logic Mode	AND, OR, XOR,XNOR
Logic trigger	Input Mode	H, L, X, Rising, Falling
	Output Mode	Goes True, Goes False, Is True >, Is True <, Is True =
	Polarity	Normal, Inverted
RS232/UART	Trigger Condition	Start, Error, Chk Error, Data
Trigger	Baud Rate	Common, Custom
	Data Bits	5 bit, 6 bit, 7 bit, 8 bit
	Trigger Condition	Start, Restart, Stop, Ack Lost, Addr, Data, Addr/Data
I2C Trigger	Address Range	7 bit, 8 bit, 10 bit
	Byte Length	0 to 127, 0 to 255, 0 to 1023
	ByteLength	1 to 5
SPI Trigger	Trigger Condition	Timeout, CS (only for four channel model)
	Timeout value	30 ns to 10s
	Data Bits	4 bits to 32 bits
	Edge	Rising, Falling
	Signal Type	CAN_H、CAN_L、TX、RX
CAN Trigger	Trigger Condition	Start,Type,Data,ID,ID/Data,End,Lost, Error
	Baud Rate	Common, Custom
	Sample Point	0.5% to 95%

	Frame Type	Data, Remote, Error, Overload
LIN Trigger	Condition	Break、ID、ID/Data、Data Error
	Baud Rate	Common, Custom

# Waveform

### Waveform Measurement

Characteristics	Instruction	
	$\triangle V$ , $\triangle T$ , $\triangle T$ & $\triangle V$ between cursors, auto cursor, support	
	XY/FFT/ZOOM window、based on screen percentage	
	Number	2 pairs of XY cursors
	Manual mode	$\triangle V, \Delta T$
Cursor	Tracing mode	The voltage value and time value of the X waveform point are tracked by fixing the Y axis
Measurement		The fixed X-axis tracks the voltage value and time value of the Y waveform point
	Auto measurem ent cursor	Allows the cursor to be displayed during automatic measurements
	XY Mode	The voltage parameters of the corresponding channel waveforms were measured in XY timebase mode X= Channel 1,Y= Channel 2
Auto measurement	Number	43 automatic measurements with up to 8 measurements displayed simultaneously
	Measurem ent source	CH1 - CH4
	Measurem ent area	Primary time base, extended time base
	Vertical	Period, + Width, Rise Time, +Duty, Frequency, - Width, Fall Time, -Duty and ScrDuty
	Horizontal	Vavg, Vpp, Vamp, StdDev, Vmax, Vtop, VRMS, Overshoot, Vmin, Vbase, CycRms and Preshoot
	Blend	+PulseCnt, -PulseCnt, RiseCnt, FallCnt, Area and CycArea

	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		
	+,-,*,/, Intg, Diff, Sqrt, Function operation(Lg/Ln/Exp/Abs/		
Mathematical	Sine/Cosine/Tan), User Defined Function, digital filter(low		
operation	pass, high pass, band pass, band reject), FFT(Vrms,		
	dBVrms,Radians,Degrees)		

# Waveform Analysis

Characteristics	Instruction		
	The signal under test is compared with a user-defined rule (template), providing the number of passes, failures, and the total number of tests. Pass/fail events can trigger immediate stop, buzzer, and screenshot.		
	Source	CH1 - CH4	
Pass Fail	Туре	Horizontal, vertical and other measurement items	
	Measurement	Data statistics:Pass, Fail and the total number	
	Acquire mode	All modes are supported except Zoom, XY,FFT and scroll	
	Provide three view of waveform intensity,		
	temperature level >16, 256 color scale display		
Color Grade	Source	CH1 - CH4	
	Waveform brightness	brightness	
	Acquire mode	Only basic waveforms are supported	

# Decode

Characteristics	Instruction
Decode Number	2, Both protocol types can be decoded and switched simultaneously
Decode Type	RS232/UART、I2C、SPI、LIN、CAN
RS232/UART	Decode RS232/UART bus TX/RX signals at speeds up to 10 Mb/s (5 to 8 bits), supporting parity bit (odd parity, even parity, or no parity) and stop bit (1 to 2 bits) configuration. Source Channel: CH1~CH4

12C	Decode the I2C bus addresses (including or excluding the read/write bit), data, and ACK. Source Channel: CH1~CH4
SPI	Decode SPI bus MISO/MOSI data (4 to 32 bits). The mode supports timeout and chip select (CS). Source Channel: CH1~CH4
CAN	Decode remote frames of the CAN bus at speeds up to 1 Mb/s (ID, byte count, CRC), as well as overload frames and data frames (standard/extended ID, control field, data field, CRC, ACK). Supported CAN bus signal types include CAN_H, CAN_L, transmit/receive, and differential. Source Channel: CH1~CH4
LIN	Decode LIN bus versions 1.X or 2.X, with speeds up to 10 kb/s. Decode and display synchronization, identifier, data, and checksum. Source Channel: CH1~CH4

# Counter

Characteristics	Instruction	
Source	CH1、CH2、CH3、CH4, Follow trigger	
Measurement	Frequency,period	
type		
Statistic	Type,Max,Min,Avg	
parameter		
Maximum	Maximum analog bandwidth	
frequency		
Resolution	6 bits	

# DVM

Characteristics	Instruction		
Source	CH1、CH2、CH3、CH4		
Function	AC RMS、DC、AC+DC RMS		
Resolution	4 bits		
Limit warnings	Support upper and lower limit setting, over-limit condition setting, over-limit prompt		

# Command

Characteristics	Instruction
Common support	Supports the standard SCPI command set
Error message Definition	Error Message
Support status reporting mechanism	Status Reporting
Support for synchronization mechanisms	Synchronization

# **General Technical Specification**

#### Display

Diopiay		
Characteristic	Instruction	
Display Type	10.1 inch Colored LCD (Liquid Crystal Display)	
Display Resolution	1024 (Horizontal) ×600 (Vertical) Pixels	
<b>Display Colors</b>	24 colors,TFT	
Grid	18 horizontal cells * 10 vertical cells	
Afterglow	Off, infinity, adjustable time (1 second, 2 seconds, 5 seconds)	
Brightness level	256 level	

#### Processor system

Characteristic	Instruction
System memory	2GB RAM
Operating	Android
Internal non-volatile	8GB

### **Output of the Probe Compensator**

Characteristics	Instruction
Output voltage(typical)	About 3.3 V, Peak-to-peak value ≥1MΩ load
Frequency(typical)	1 kHz Square

#### Others

Characteristics	Instruction
Communication	HDMI; USB device *1, USB Host *3; Trig Out(P/F);
Interface	Type-C power supply interface <sup>[1]</sup> ; LAN interface
Power Supply	100V – 240 VACRMS, 50/60 Hz, CAT II
Power Consumption	< 35W
Fuse	2A, Tlevel, 250 V
Touch Screen	Multi-touch capacitive touch screen

#### **Description:**

**[1]**: The adapter or battery is required to support a handshake protocol of 12V, the power meets 36W.

#### Environment

Characteristics	Instruction
Temperature	Working temperature:0℃~40℃
	Storage temperature:-20℃~+60℃
Relative humanity	≤90%
Height	Operating: 3,000 m
	Non-operating: 15,000 m
Cooling Method	Fan cooling

#### **Mechanical Specifications**

Characteristics	Instruction
Dimension	325mm x 111.5mm x 209mm(L*W*H)
Weight	Approx. 3.2kg (without accessories)

#### Interval Period of Adjustment:

One year is recommended for the calibration interval period.

# 7.Appendix

# Appendix A: Enclosure

(The accessories subject to final delivery.)

## **Standard Accessories:**











Power Cord

Quick Guide

USB Cable

**Probe Adjust** 

# **Appendix B: General Care And Cleaning**

#### **General Care**

Do not store or leave the instrument where the liquid crystal display will be exposed to direct sunlight for long periods of time.

**Caution:** To avoid any damage to the instrument or probe, do not exposed it to any sprays, liquids, or solvents.

### Cleaning

Inspect the instrument and probes as often as operating conditions require.

To clean the instrument exterior, perform the following steps:

- 1. Wipe the dust from the instrument and probe surface with a soft cloth. Do not make any scuffing on the transparent LCD protection screen when clean the LCD screen.
- 2. Disconnect power before cleaning your Oscilloscope. Clean the instrument with a wet soft cloth not dripping water. It is recommended to scrub with soft detergent or fresh water. To avoid damage to the instrument or probe, do not use any corrosive chemical cleaning agent.

```
Warning: Before power on again for operation, it is required to confirm
that the instrument has already been dried completely,
avoiding any electrical short circuit or bodily injury resulting
form the moisture.
```